#### Divisions: N/A

# CABINET – 19 JANUARY 2021

### BUSINESS MANAGEMENT & MONITORING REPORT NOVEMBER 2020

#### Report by Corporate Director for Customers and Organisational Development and Director of Finance

#### RECOMMENDATION

The Cabinet is **RECOMMENDED** to note this month's business management and monitoring report.

#### **Executive Summary**

1. This report sets out Oxfordshire County Council's (OCC's) progress towards Corporate Plan priorities for 2020/21 – November 2020.

#### Introduction

- 2. The Council recognises the importance of timely, accurate and accessible performance and budget management information as part of its commitment to both transparency and demonstrating efficiency and effectiveness.
- 3. These monthly business management reports are part of a suite of performance, leadership risk and budget documents which set out our ambitions, priorities and financial performance. The Corporate Plan sets out the Council's ambitions for the next two years, under our vision for Thriving Communities. It also shows our priority activities for the current business year.
- 4. Our Corporate Plan, Medium Term Financial Plan, Outcomes Framework and previous business management reports, can be found on the Council's website.<sup>1</sup>-
- 5. This report summarises performance and risk within these Business Management & Monitoring Reports. Further information is provided in three annexes:
  - a. Annex A:performance
  - b. Annex B: risk
  - c. Annex C: finance
- 6. The continuing impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on the Council's performance can be seen in this report. The majority of councillors and officers continue to work from home, other than those whose work requires otherwise, such as those services in particular locations such as highways. The second lockdown from the 5th November to 2nd of December had an obvious impact on services such as libraries, museums and trading standards. We are proud of the quick and efficient response delivered by our services to support our communities and the new regulations given during the new lockdown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Corporate Plan and Medium Term Financial Plan: <u>https://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/sites/default/files/file/about-council/CorporatePlan2020.pdf</u>. Outcomes

Framework and previous reports: <u>https://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/council/about-vour- council/plans- performance-and-policies/performance-reports</u>

- 7. However, as can be seen in Annex A of this report, some services' performance continues to be disrupted by the need to vary or suspend normal operations as part of our planned COVID-19 response.
- 8. This report helps to demonstrate some of the ways in which the Council is taking climate action for a thriving Oxfordshire. In April 2019, councillors unanimously agreed to take greater action on carbon emissions, including calling on the Leader to set an ambitious target to become carbon neutral by 2030 for our own estate and activities. Since then we have been taking action across all our main areas of influence: our schools, our supply chain, our policy making and our partnerships. This report shows progress towards our ambitions to reduce carbon emissions, improve transport networks and support healthy communities as part of our commitment to tackle climate change (see Annex A indicators 10 to 13).
- 9. The report also supports our commitment to inclusion and equality, which is enshrined in the Council's vision of "Thriving communities for everyone in Oxfordshire" and the newly agreed Equalities, Diversity and Inclusion Framework, Including Everyone. We know that the data and commentary in this report does not tell the whole story of how the Council is working to address inequality: that commitment also runs throughout services and activities which are not reported here. However, this report helps to demonstrate our commitment in action. We also know that inequality persists in Oxfordshire for a variety of reasons and we will continue to use our knowledge and influence to ensure that our services perform well for everyone.

# Progress towards delivery of Oxfordshire County Council's Corporate Plan

- 10. Oxfordshire County Council's vision for Oxfordshire has six priorities which show our ambitions for the county. Our Corporate Plan specifies outcomes which describe the changes we expect to see as a result of the Council's actions. Performance indicators show the extent to which those outcomes are being achieved, and in turn measures and targets show progress towards the indicators. Collectively, this arrangement is called the Outcomes Framework.
- 11. This year's Outcomes Framework includes 11 outcomes, 27 indicators and 80 measures.
- 12. Every reporting period, the indicators are given a Red, Amber or Green (RAG) rating in these reports, signifying whether or not progress is on track. In deciding RAG ratings, we consider data on current performance and an assessment of progress.
- 13. Each month we use snapshot tables (below) to indicate the main areas of change since the previous report.
- 14. The information below provides a snapshot of progress towards Corporate Plan outcomes during November 2020, including some of our performance highlights. A full account of progress towards our Corporate Plan priorities is at Annex A.

# We listen to residents so we can continuously improve our services and provide value for money

# **Performance highlights**

- Proportion of actions dealt with on time after any external inspection (Ofsted, CQC, HM Inspector of Fire & Rescue) has consistently reported a 100% rate against a 90% target.
- The proportion of social care providers rated as 'outstanding' or 'good' by the Care Quality Commission in Oxfordshire remains above the (monthly) national average. 93% of social care providers in Oxfordshire are rated as good or outstanding, compared to 84% nationally
- In November 66 customers surveyed, whether they were satisfied with the service, they received from the Customer Service Centre. 98.48% of customers are happy with the service, while 1.5% where Neutral and 0% was dissatisfied.

#### Areas for improvement

 During November, the percentage of calls to the Customer Services Centre that were abandoned by the caller was 11% against a target of less than 5%, which is consistent with last month. Overall demand to the CSC reduced in November and the inbound call volumes are on par with the same time last year (down 7%). Demand on Adult Social Care dropped in November compared to September and October and is on par with November 2019. Registration calls remain high compared to November 2019, with a slight reduction of 6% since October. Contact for Waste services increased during November, with people asking if the Household Waste and Recycling Centres would be open during lockdown. Call volumes almost doubled compared to October.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY						
OUTCOMES	RAG	Change since last report				
	1. Improvement following external inspection/audit	Green	No change			
Our services improve	2. Listening to residents	Amber	No change			
We deliver weber for	3. The Council is financially resilient	Green	No change			
We deliver value for money	4. Effective financial management and governance	Green	No change			

# We help people live safe and healthy lives and play an active part in their community

#### Performance highlights

- A campaign was launched urging residents to watch out for 'zombie batteries' ina bid to prevent fires breaking out at the county's household waste recycling centres (HWRCs). Oxfordshire County Council is supporting the new national 'Take Charge' campaign, which calls on people to only dispose of dead batteries– dubbed 'zombie batteries' – by using specialist battery recycling services, and to never throw them away alongside general rubbish or other recycling.
- Safe and Well visits were carried out in line with Covid-19 guidance and continue to ensure prioritisation for critical and high-risk households. The Trading Standards team continue to work successfully on doorstep crime and scams involving the elderly residents, using innovative techniques to help whilst complying with social distancing guidelines.
- During November carers and frontline health and social care staff are reminded of the importance of ensuring that they get their flu jab at the earliest possible opportunity this winter. In light of the risk of flu and COVID-19 co-circulating this winter, the national flu immunisation programme will be absolutely essential to protecting vulnerable people and supporting the resilience of the health and care system. Those eligible for a free NHS vaccination, should contact their local GP or pharmacy.

#### Areas for improvement

- Percentage of emergency call attendances made within 11 minutes is within 4% of the stretch target of 80%. However, it has dropped from 79.96% in October to 76.88% in November (-3.08%).
- Making Every Contact Count conversation initiated with residents by Cultural Services staff has dropped by 87% from Nov 2019. Aside from the partial reopening and the expected drop in visitors, this is a difficult service to restart due to COVID-19 as customers are being asked to reduce their time in libraries and avoid direct contact where possible. It has been less conducive to hold a conversation while both parties are wearing face coverings. We will continue to rebuild this programme given its previous positive outcomes. (Libraries closed for most of November 2020).

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY							
OUTCOMES	INDICATORS	RAG	Change since last report				
People are helped to live	5. Numbers of people helped to live safe and healthy lives	Amber	No change				
safe and healthy lives	6. Timeliness of emergency response	Amber	No change				
	<ol> <li>Numbers of people receiving support to stop smoking or for drug and alcohol dependency</li> </ol>	Green	No change				

# We provide services that enhance the quality of life and protect the local environment

### Performance highlights

- Oxfordshire County Council's library service is currently unable to open libraries for browsing. However, the Click and Collect service was launched across libraries in Oxfordshire during November to bring the libraries to people's homes. Experienced and knowledgeable library staff will handpick up to six books that fit the interests and preferences given by the customers, including an option to select a surprise extra book. The service also covers audiobooks and DVDs. The service user will be notified when the books are ready for collection at one of the 14 participating libraries.
- Cyclists, pedestrians and residents in Oxford, Witney and Bicester are set to benefit from a £2.98 million boost to improve active travel options and support local economic recovery over the coming months. Oxfordshire's winning bid was announced on 13 November by the Department for Transport (DfT) and is the maximum award. The five schemes proposed to be delivered -three in Oxford, one in Bicester and one in Witney – are designed to reallocate road space to cyclists and pedestrians and create an environment that is safer for walking and cycling. Residents will also continue to benefit from reduced levels of air pollution.

#### Areas for improvement

In November a total of 582 assets were converted to LED technology. As at 30 November 2020, a total of 16,740 lanterns have been upgraded to LED. This represents 28.1% of the 59,631 streetlights within the County and that is just under 1% of the stock upgraded in a single month. It is still projected that a further 918 streetlights will be converted by the end of December (1,500 total including November).

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY							
OUTCOMES	INDICATORS	RAG	Change since last report				
Our quality of life in Oxfordshire is	8. Condition of highways	Green	No change				
enhanced	9. Engagement with cultural services	Amber	No change				
Our local	10. Reduction in carbon equivalent emissions from OCC's activities	Green	No change				
environment is	11. Reduced carbon impact of our transport	Green	Amber				
protected, and climate change is	12. Air quality	Amber	No change				
tackled	13. Household waste re-used, recycled or composted	Amber	No change				

# We strive to give every child a good start in life and protect everyone from neglect

#### **Performance highlights**

- School attendance in Oxfordshire remains better than the national position for term 1, at the start of December 91% of pupils in maintained schools in Oxfordshire were attending schools, compared with 85% nationally. The attendance rate of pupils with an education, health and care plan and pupils with a social worker are both higher in Oxfordshire than the national average. However, we have seen a 35% increase in children who are electively home educated since August (currently 892). This is below the reported national increase 38% to the end of October.
- As part of our work to manage demand and ensure children and families are not escalated unnecessarily into statutory systems, we have worked with partners to set up Early Help Networks. The networks provide schools and education settings with the opportunity to obtain multi-professional advice and support for children and families where there are emerging concerns. It is easy to access and efficient, and schools/settings leave the network with a shared multi-agency plan. So far, the networks have undertaken 135 consultations on 315 children and only 4 families (3%) have been escalated to Statutory Children's Services

# Areas for improvement

 Despite the new early help networks, demand continues to rise in the MASH. In the 9 weeks since schools returned following the summer break, there has been an average of 483 contacts into the MASH each week; the MASH is staffed to deal with 350 contacts. Additional temporary staff have been recruited to deal with this additional work. There remains a concern for teams further down the pathway and there is a significant risk that the number of assessments and children the subject of a child protection plan will increase

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY						
OUTCOMES	OUTCOMES INDICATORS		Change since last report			
	14. Prevalence of healthy children	Amber	No change			
Children are given a	15. Number of looked after children	Amber	No change			
good start in life	16. Numbers of children's social care assessments	Green	No change			
	17. Number of child protection plans	Green	No change			
Children are able to achieve their potential	18.Timeliness completing Education, Health &Care Plans	Amber	No change			

# We enable older and disabled people to live independently and care for those in greatest need

# Performance highlights

- The number of home care hours purchased per week during November was 24,424 hours against a target of more than 21,000. There has been a 16% increase in the amount of home care hours purchased since April, which is helping to support more people to live at home.
- The percentage of people aged over 65 using Adult Social Care services in Oxfordshire who receive a direct payment remains above the national average (17.5%) reporting at 24% during November.

### Areas for improvement

People needing short-term support can access an effective service continues not to be assessed. This is the last year of the current reablement contract and we want to review the overall pathway by which patients leave hospital and this will change the requirement of the existing service. An example of this being the Home First pilot (Home First has been running since mid-July, the aim of the scheme is to return patients to their own home as quickly as possible. The scheme is delivered in partnership between the Council; Oxford University Hospital Trust; Oxford Health NHS Trust and the CCG). In the first quarter the figures were affected by COVID-19 with fewer people admitted to and leaving hospital. Also, people in the community were less willing to have ne people in their own homes. As we move to the end of the financial year we will transition to a new contract, which will all affect the level of reablement provided. These combined to make it difficult to rate, but as such a key contract we wanted to continue reporting on the level of activity.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY							
OUTCOMES	INDICATORS	RAG	Change since last report				
Care services support	<ol> <li>People needing short-term support can access an effective service</li> </ol>	Not assessed	No change				
independent living	20. Number of people with control over their care	Green	No change				
	21. Number of people delayed leaving hospital		No change				
	22. People needing social care are supported to stay in their own home	Green	No change				

# We support a thriving local economy by improving transport links to create jobs and homes for the future

# Performance highlights

- Dozens of neighbourhoods across Oxfordshire are enjoying smoother roads and pavements after this year's 'micro-surfacing' programme came to an end in November. Oxfordshire County Council contractors took advantage of the milder weather between spring and autumn to treat 26 sites with 'micro asphalt' – a cost-effective and convenient method which protects surfaces for around 10 years. 'Micro' is a surface treatment for protecting and prolonging the existing structural integrity of a carriageway without the need for more costly and disruptive repairs. The council has been running micro programmes since 2016, due to the number of advantages it has over conventional resurfacing, this year's programme treated 26 sites around Oxfordshire, covering 4.6km of carriageway with 76 tonnes of binder, 520 tonnes of stone and 5.3 tonnes of cement.
- Oxfordshire County Council to begin work along A40 at Wolvercote, Cyclists, pedestrians, bus passengers and other road users are all set to benefit from work to upgrade a length of the A40 in north west Oxford. The county will be doing some preparation work along the A40 on a short section of the road just to the west of the Wolvercote roundabout. The work is part of plans to improve the A40 with upgraded cycle and bus infrastructure. The preparation work will include some vegetation clearance and a small temporary compound will be created alongside the A40 in early December. The compound will be used while the main work to improve the A40 takes place from February 2021 until late 2021. The completed work will include improvements to the Wolvercote and Cutteslowe roundabouts as well as provision of enhanced bus services along the A40 and A44 corridors including bus priority, new bus stops, improved waiting facilities and opportunities for interchange.

# Areas for improvement

- The Percentage of the Capital Programme delivered in line with budget (measured by comparing the Council-approved budget of Feb 2020 for 2020-21 with the outturn budget) is reporting at 73% by 30<sup>th</sup> November, against a cumulative target of 95% to end of March 2021. This means 73% of agreed programme for the year 20/21 has been spent or committed. There is a robust plan in place to achieve our target by end of March 2021.
- Fix My Street reported a number of issues categorised as defects to be fixed within the 28 day period, most are picked up by officers through routine inspections rather than public. In the majority of road Classifications inspectors discover over 90% of the safety defects for repair. B roads is the only classification where inspectors find just over 80% of the safety defects for repair. Approximately, 15% of safety defects are on A/B roads. Of this number 10% is Drainage, 30% are Footways/Cycleways and 60% are Minor Carriageways (which is mostly potholes). At present the data between Footways (pavements) and Cycleways are not distinguished, as they are often the same.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY						
OUTCOMES	OUTCOMES INDICATORS					
Everyone has	23. Infrastructure delivery supports growth	Amber	No change			
access to good homes and jobs	24. Number of new homes	Amber	No change			
Businesses are able to grow and develop	25. Support for a strong local economy	Amber	No change			
People and communities Have	26. Levels of disruption to journeys	Green	Amber			
excellent transport and broadband connections	27. Enhanced digital connectivity for residents & businesses	Green	No change			

### **Risk Management**

- 15. The most senior level of risk management in the Council is carried out collectively by the Chief Executive's Direct Reports (CEDR). CEDR manages the Council's "leadership risks" – those risks that are significant in size and duration and could impact on the performance of the Council as a whole, and in particular on its ability to deliver its strategic priorities. This may include operational risks escalated from services to the leadership level due to the potential scale of their impact.
- 16. The Council's Leadership Risk Register (see Annex B) forms the basis of our COVID-19 risk managementapproach.

Risk Ref	Risk Title	Residual Risk Score	D'tion of travel	Latest Update
LR1	Demand management - Children-	20 High Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR2	Safeguarding of vulnerable children	15 High Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR3	Capital Infrastructure Programme Delivery	10 Medium	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR4	Local resilience, community resilience, cohesion	8 Medium Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR5	Management of partnerships (non-	6 Low Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR6	Supply chain management	8 Medium Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR7	Delivery of statutory duties	4 Low Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR8	Corporate governance	2 Low Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR9	Workforce management	9 Medium Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR10	Organisational Change and Service Design	12 Medium Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR11	Financial resilience	10 Medium Risk	$\downarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR12	Property and assets	6 Low Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR13	Health and Safety	8 Medium Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR14	Business Continuity and recovery plans	8 Medium Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR15	Cyber security	12 Medium Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR16	ICT Infrastructure	8 Medium Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR17	COVID-19 Community and customers	16 High Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR18	COVID-19 Business continuity	20 High Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR19	Safeguarding of vulnerable adults	10 Medium Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR20	Demand management - adults	12 Medium Risk	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed

- 17. The table above provides a summary of the Council's leadership risks at 18<sup>th</sup> December 2020. Risks are assessed for both their likelihood (on a scale of 1-4) and their impact if they were to happen (on a scale of 1-5), which are then combined to give each risk a score. Once all management controls are taken in consideration, each risk's "residual score" is recorded. This can be seen in detail in Annex B, and in summary in the table below. Higher scores indicate more significant risks: in OCC a score of 20 is the highest possible.
- 18. During November the Leadership Risk Register has one Score change, LR11 Financial Resilience has gone from 15 to 10. Please review Annex B for details.

#### **Financial Management**

#### Summary of the Council's financial position

- 19. The Council set a Revised Budget for 2020/21 in September in response to the financial impact of COVID-19, to ensure a balanced budget could be achieved in the current financial year and to ensure the Council remains financially sustainable. The Budget and Business Planning process for 2021/22 to 2025/26 is currently underway and the Council will continue with its approach of responsible, measured and careful financial planning to ensure it can manage the pandemic response and recovery phases.
- 20. In relation to 2020/21, based on expenditure to the end of November 2020, including the virements agreed by Council on 8 September 2020, there is a forecast business as usual underspend of -£1.1m within directorates and a net underspend on Corporate Measures of -£0.7m.

Directorate	Latest Budget 2020/21	Forecast Outturn 2020/21	Forecast Outturn Variance November 2020	Forecast Outturn Variance 2020/21
	£m	£m	£m	%
Children's Services	132.4	132.4	0.0	0%
Adult Services	196.7	196.7	0.0	0%
Communities	63.4	63.4	0.0	0%
Customers & Organisational Development	33.6	33.9	+0.3	0.9%
Commercial Development, Assets and	49.9	48.2	-1.3	-2.8%
Investments				
Total Directorate Position	475.7	474.6	-1.1	-0.2%
Corporate Measures	-494.0	-494.7	-0.7	-0.1%
COVID-19 – Budget for costs and income				
losses	18.3	18.3	0	0%
Overall Surplus/Deficit	0.0	-1.8	-1.8	

- 21. The Revised Budget for 2020/21 agreed by Council on 8 September 2020 included virements to create budgets within services in relation to COVID-19 costs incurred to the end of July. On 15 December Cabinet agreed a further virement from the COVID-19 budget of £2.7m to the services for the period August to October 2020. This will be included in the next report. It is expected that these costs will increase as the year progresses and that further income losses materialise. The COVID-19 Budget for costs and income losses is a one-off budget and will be used to fund these pressures. Whilst these costs are still expected to be incurred, the profile and timing may mean that some costs may fall into a different financial year. Furthermore, the financial impact of Covid-19 will not end on 31 March 2021, and additional costs are expected in 2021/22 and across the medium term. This will need to be taken into consideration as part of the Budget & Business Planning process for 2021/22. Further virements to move budget from the COVID-19 budget to the services where costs have occurred, or income losses are realised will be requested in future reports.
- 22. As previously reported the Department of Health and Social Care notified the Council that the allocation of the Contain Outbreak Management Fund was £5.5m based on the England entering National restrictions on 5 November 2020. The payment has been made to the County Council and is to help put in place additional public health and outbreak response measures. The Council is working with the City and District Councils and other partners to agree the most effective use of the funding. The proposal will be reported to Cabinet in February.
- 23. The current forecast for general balances at 31 March 2021 is £30.5m, compared to the position at 1 April 2020 of £28.7m. This position assumes that forecast Directorate underspend of £1.1m and the Strategic Measures underspend of £0.7m are returned to balances.
- 24. 84.6% of planned savings totalling £18.4m are on track to be delivered in 2020/21. £1.6m of savings that are not expected to be achieved in year are reflected in the Directorate forecast outturn position. The majority of these savings relate to income generation which has been affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. All the £14.9m inyear savings agreed by Council on 8 September are on track to be fully delivered.
- 25. See Annex C for further details and commentary.

CLAIRE TAYLOR	LORNA BAXTER
Corporate Director for Customers and Organisational Development	Director of Finance

#### Contact Officers:

Louise Tustian, Head of Insight and Corporate Programmes – 07741 607452 Hannah Doney, Head of Corporate Finance – 07584 174 654

OUTCOME	INDICATOR	OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY
	1. Improvement	G	Proportion of actions dealt with on time after any external inspection (Ofsted, CQC, HM Inspector of Fire & Rescue)	90%	100%	There were 10 main an have been completed checks.
	1. Improvement following audit or inspection	R E E N	The proportion of social care providers rated as 'outstanding' or 'good' by the Care Quality Commission in Oxfordshire remains above the (monthly) national average (84% in Apr 19).	> 84%	93%	93% of social care pro outstanding, compared
Our services improve	residents		Number of pothole enquiries reported on FixMyStreet repaired, or actioned for repair, against the total during the calendar month prior to reporting date	> 50%	19%	During November 252 relating to potholes, cy 84 (33%) have (or will defects. 168 (67%) have been ordering a specific imm However, of those 168 (because they are not thresholds) and the oth scheduled works such timeframes for these ty as "action for repair" It is worth noting that co own Officers found and nature during their rout
			Increase the number of FixMyStreet Super-User Volunteers from among members of the public	+4 per month	LEVEL           100%           93%	Impacted by COVID-19 a new front end for FM go-live end of Decemb start the training progra Super-Users to confirm the new system. The re
			Increase the % of residents calling the Customer Services Centre who are satisfied with the overall service that they have received	>85%	98.48%	The Customers Servic survey one week every Latest satisfaction surv 98.48% were happy with Services. 1.5% where Neutral. 0% was dissatisfied.
						98.49% of customers received from individuate

# actions highlighted in the report by HMICFRS, 50% and we are carrying out assurance and audit

roviders in Oxfordshire are rated as good or red to 84% nationally

52 reports were received through FixMyStreet cycleways or flooding on A or B roads. Of those, ill have) been repaired within 28 days as 'safety

n closed as 'Investigation complete' without nmediate repair.

68 – just under half are items we would never fix ot our responsibility, or are below our intervention other half are being programmed in as part of wider ch as patching or road resurfacing for example. The e types of works vary and are not currently recorded

t on those same A or B roads during November our and ordered immediate repairs for 504 issues of this butine (statutory) inspections.

-19. The service is at the final stages of introducing FMS SuperUsers. The new system is planned to nber, ready for the volunteer coordination team to gram. Contact has been made with the current irm their interest in continuing and re-training with e response has been very positive.

vice Centre undertakes a customer satisfaction ery month.

urvey – November – 66 customers surveyed with the service they received from Customer

s where happy with the experience they lual officers.

				CA6	1		
				Increase the % of callers whose enquiry is resolved at the first point of contact	>75%	83%	6,948 contacts recorder resolved at first point c
				Reduce the % of calls to the Customer Services Centre which are abandoned by the caller	<5%	11%	During November, the inbound calls and mad improved from 10.9% to Overall demand to the volumes are on par with Demand on Adult Soci September and Octobe line increased due to the assisting on these calls Registration calls remands Slight reduction of 6% to Contact for Waste serve asking if the HWRCs we almost doubled comparts
Our services	3. The Council is financially resilient	GREEN	$\leftrightarrow$	Financial indicators contained in the Financial Strategy are on track General balances remain at or above the risk assessed level	100%	66%	The measures taken in target, with the tempor resulting in lower level Green as whilst perfor related to COVID-19, a financial resilience. Balances are forecast
improve and deliver value for money				Directorates deliver services and achieve planned performance within agreed budget	< +/-1% variation to net budget	-0.2%	Based on expenditure virements agreed by C directorate underspend
	4. Effective financial	G R		Capital projects are delivered on time and within budget	>80%	n/a	No variation is reported
	management and governance	EEN	$\leftrightarrow$	Systems and processes operate effectively and are well controlled to reduce and detect error and fraud (as measured by the percentage of Green- or Amber-rated internal audit reports relating to financial systems)	100%	94%	

ded from all channels. 6,157 contacts (83%) were t of contact.

ne Customer Service Centre received 12,740 ade,7,453 outbound calls. The abandoned level % to 9.3%.

ne CSC reduced in November and the inbound call with the same time last year (down 7%).

bocial Care dropped in November compared to ober and is on par with November 2019. The Shield the lockdown and Library colleagues were alls.

main high compared to November 2019, with a % since October.

ervices increased during November, with people s would be open during lockdown. Call volumes pared to October.

in response to COVID-19 have impacted on this orary suspension of debt recovery in particular rels of performance. Overall, the indicator remains ormance levels are below target it is generally and mitigation has been taken to maintain good

st to be £30.5m at 31 March 2021.

re to the end of September 2020 and including the Council on 8 September 2020, there is a forecast and of -£1.1m.

ted at this point in the year.

WE HELP PEOPLE LIVE SAFE AND HEALTHY LIVES AND PLAY AN ACTIVE PART IN THEIR COMMUNITY								
OUTCOME	INDICATOR	OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY		
			Number of vulnerable children and adults helped to live more secure and independent lives	4106	4614	We are still carrying out S We continue to ensure pr The Trading Standards te crime and scams involvin working with Fire Cadets liquid.		
			Number of children better educated to live safer and healthier lives	9575	252	As we continue to follow remain COVID safe and p risk reduction activities fo Community Safety Servic		
	5. Numbers of	•	% of eligible population 40-74 who have been <u>invited</u> for an NHS Health Check since April 2017	No target	No data	Targets will not be set for are not prepared to common on encouraging those wit with the greatest CVD/CC		
	people helped to live safe and healthy lives	M B E R R	% of eligible population 40-74 who have <u>received</u> an NHS Health Check since April 2017	No target	No data	Targets will not be set for are not prepared to common on encouraging those wit with the greatest CVD/CC		
People are helped to live safe and healthy lives			Numbers of people walking or cycling increase (5% and 2% respectively) over the 19-20 baseline for Oxfordshire in the Government's Active Lives Survey	Walking 3,060,000 Cycling 666,000	Rate not available	Due to COVID-19 and its mode share, it is very dif measure and target. How importance of significant context, our increased an by cycling and walking n with the added requirem impacts of our intervention Walking Infrastructure Pl		
			Increase in Making Every Contact Count conversations (encouraging behaviour changes that have a positive effect on physical or mental health and wellbeing) initiated with residents by Cultural Services staff	+10%	87% drop from Nov 2019	This is a very important h partial reopening and the service to restart as cust libraries and avoid direct conducive to hold a conv coverings. We will contin positive outcomes. (Libra		
	6. Timeliness of	A	More people alive as a result of our "365 Alive" prevention, protection and emergency response activities	708	369	Despite the low number these in September 2017 in all other areas of the n element of the overall me		
		M B ↓ E ↓	% of emergency call attendances made within 11 minutes	80%	76.88%	We are only 3% below o within 11 minutes. We ar		
			% of emergency call attendances made within 14 minutes	95%	88.64%	response time of 8mins 4 rescue service covering		

t Safe and Well visits in line with Covid-19 guidance. prioritisation for critical and high-risk households. team continue to work successfully on doorstep ving the elderly residents. They have also been ts on test purchasing of e-cigarettes and vaping

w both Government and OCC guidance to d protect others, much of our work across our for children and young adults across all of vices continues to be paused.

for GP Providers in 2020/21 as these local suppliers nmence full delivery until 2021/22. Focus remains with capacity to target their resources to the patients COVID-19 risk.

for GP Providers in 2020/21 as these local suppliers nmence full delivery until 2021/22. Focus remains with capacity to target their resources to the patients COVID-19 risk.

its varied effects on overall travel patterns and difficult to forecast performance against this lowever, the current situation has emphasised the antly increasing levels of Active Travel. In this ambition means how we measure / monitor travel needs reviewing and targets will need to be reset, ement for more specific indicators to measure the ntions where we have developed Local Cycling and Plans.

Aside from the the expected drop in visitors, this is a difficult ustomers are being asked to reduce their time in ect contact where possible. It has been less onversation while both parties are wearing face tinue to rebuild this programme given its previous braries closed for most of November 2020)

er of Co-responding calls (we ceased responding to 17 in all but one of our fire stations) we are on track e measure overall as Co-responding is only one measure.

v our stretch target of attending 80% of incidents are always seeking to improve but our average s 44secs in November is excellent for a fire and ag a large rural area.

		CA6			
		Rate of successful quitters per 100,000 smokers 18+	> 3,564	2423	The 2020/21 target was s impact of COVID-19. Qua 2020.Quarter 2 data publi
7. Numbers of people receiving support to stop		Number of users of OPIATES that left drug treatment successfully (free of drug(s) of dependence) who do not then re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of opiate users in treatment.	> 6.6%	10.2%	We continue to exceed lo
support to stop R smoking or for E drug and N alcohol dependency		Number of users of NON-OPIATES that left drug treatment successfully (free of drug(s) of dependence) who do not then re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of non-opiate users in treatment.	> 36.6%	48.5%	We continue to exceed lo
		Number of users of ALCOHOL ONLY that left treatment successfully (free of alcohol dependence) who do not re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of ALCOHOL ONLY users in treatment.	> 42.8%	56.4%	We continue to exceed lo

s set at 3564 but has been adjusted due to the quarter 2 data was published on 7th December ablished on 7th December 2020.

local targets and England averages

local targets and England averages

local targets and England averages

WE PROVIDE	WE PROVIDE SERVICES THAT ENHANCE THE QUALITY OF LIFE AND PROTECT THE LOCAL ENVIRONMENT										
OUTCOME	INDICATOR	OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY					
			Defects posing immediate risk of injury are repaired within 24 hours	100%	99.5%	Cumulative rate and covers all defects April to October. (Data is reported one month in arrears.)					
	8. Condition		Defects creating potential risk of injury repaired within 28 calendar days	90%	99.7%	Cumulative rate and covers all defects April to October. (Data is reported one month in arrears.)					
	of highways		Kilometres of highway resurfaced as % of total	3.07%	2.68%	The final amount for the 2020 total surfacing programme completed is 2.68% of the network (excluding patching). This is lower than the target of 3.07% due to the Micro Asphalt completed length being 3.45km, compared to original programme of 4.7km. This is due to a reduction in the overall programme, partly due to levels of funding available and contractor availability.					
Our quality of life in Oxfordshire is enhanced			In person engagement with Heritage services by increasing numbers of a) daily visits, b) attendances over 2019-20 level	a) 3% b) 2%	Museums Service a) -53% b) -53% History Service a) -96% b) -100%	Museum Service: The Oxfordshire Museum & Museums Resource Centre closed for 2 days this month owing Lockdown 2. The Oxfordshire Museum visitors = 526 (November 2019 = 11,203) Museums Resource Centre visitors = 0 (November 2019 = 15). person engagement with schoolchildren =365 (November 2019 = 8 Service unable to deliver 'activities' on site and in the community = attendees (November 2019 = 741) History Service: In-person engagement November 2020: 11 visitors (November 2019 = 339) 0 attendees at events (November 2019 = 90). History Centre was under lockdown for most of November 2020, so open to visitors for only 6% of its November 2019 hours, and with li seating and pre-booking only. The service was unable to deliver or events on site.					
	9. Engagement with cultural services		Online engagement with Cultural Services, (social media, website visits, remote enquiries)	Baseline to be set	Reporting quarterly	<ul> <li>Museum Service</li> <li>Online engagement (social media and website visits and emails) up overall on November 2019. Web activity down, but social media interaction increased by 159% on November 2019.</li> <li>History Service:</li> <li>Online/remote engagement November 2020 = 88,489 engagement representing a 27% decrease from November 2019.</li> <li>This includes answering 279 e-mail enquiries, an increase of 15% of November 2019.</li> <li>Library Services:</li> <li>Online engagement (social media and website visits) for November 252,096</li> <li>The figure for Quarter 2 (July/Aug/Sept) was 541,191</li> </ul>					
			Improve access to library services by increasing numbers of a) active users b) new users and c) daily visits, over 2019-20 levels	a) 3% b) 2% c) 1%	a) -34% b) -76% c) -94%	A phased re-opening of the library network commenced in July 20. As of 5 November, Libraries were closed again with the exception Click & Collect and pre-booked access to public computers.					

or all but

)3) In = 880). = 0

so was h limited or host

up 38%

oer is

2020. on of

				CA6			
							<ul> <li>a) Active users Nov 20</li> <li>is a reduction of 34% b</li> <li>figure does not count c</li> <li>with the digital offer (e</li> <li>b) New borrowers Nov</li> <li>(NB Libraries closed m</li> <li>c) Daily visits Nov 2019</li> <li>Libraries closed most c</li> <li>operating a gradual and services since lockdow</li> </ul>
				Yearly reduction of 6% in carbon equivalent emissions from Council estates & activities (to be Carbon Neutral by 2030)	6%	8%	This is an annual mea reduction for 2019/20 carbon neutrality targe
	10. Reduction in carbon equivalent emissions from OCC's activities	G R E E N	$\leftrightarrow$	% of streetlights fitted with LED lanterns by March 2021	40%	28.1%	In November a total of technology. As at 30 have been upgraded streetlights within the were upgraded in a s It is still projected that the end of December (
				Increase the number of staff who have accessed the Council's Cycle to Work scheme	-	-	The majority of OCC s the Council's response will begin when offices
Our local environment is protected, and climate change is tackled	11. Reduced carbon impact of our transport network	GREEN	$\leftrightarrow$	Increase a) the total number of electric vehicle (EV) charging points and b) the number of electric vehicles charging points per 100,000 population, compared with 2019-20 baseline	140 (for Park and Charge Project by end October 2021)	Rate not available	Park and Charge project project partners. The inow been confirmed a Work on the pilot car p being available for pul communication work to an EV and informing to commenced at the en The remaining 23 car 2021 and October 202 end March 2022. The development of the targets for EV installant being reviewed by the will assist with target se funding. It is now antion 2021. Annual target relates to been reviewed by the is now expected that a Success of charging in can facilitate/influence chargers - each charg countywide).

2019= 81,182. Active users Nov 2020 = 53,340 – this but represents a 7% increase on Oct 2020. This customers who have borrowed eBooks or engaged e.g. Ref online or social media output) ov 2019 = 2038. New borrowers Nov 2020 = 484. most of Nov 2020).

19 = 210,810. Daily visits Nov 2020 = 13,079. (NB t of Nov 2020). The drop is due to the service and phased re-opening and reintroduction of own restrictions were eased from July 2020

easure. The council is reporting an 8% annual 20 against the previous year on the scope of its get.

of 582 assets were converted to LED 30 November 2020, a total of 16,740 lanterns ed to LED. This represents 28.1% of the 59,631 he County and that just under 1% of the stock a single month.

t a further 918 streetlights will be converted by (1,500 total including November).

C staff were instructed to work from home as part of nee to COVID-19. Reporting on this new measure ses and workplaces reopen.

oject was delayed due to COVID-19 impacts on e revised timing plan for charger installation has d and agreed with project grant funder, Innovate UK. r park in Bicester started on time with the chargers public use at the end of January 2021. In addition, the k to educate potential users on the positives of using g them about the availability of chargers in their area and of November.

ar parks will have chargers installed between June 2021 after which usage data will be monitored until

the EV Strategy should help with measurable lation and vehicle usage. The draft strategy is now he project board but the planned mapping work that t setting has been delayed due to a delay in project ticipated this should be complete by the end March

s to the Park and Charge project only. This has now be commercial partners in the project. As a result, it t 140 chargers in 24 car parks will be installed. g installation is not under the control of OCC, but we ce the project. (Note 140 relates to number of rger is a twin socket making 280 charging spaces

T			CA6	I	Γ	1
			% of highway maintenance construction, demolition and excavation waste diverted from landfill	90%	98.7%	Rate is the average for arrears).
12. Air quality	AMBER	$\leftrightarrow$	Quarterly assessment of air quality as reported by District and City councils' air quality monitoring	Reporting only	Rate not available	There is limited air qua assessments is expected the successful recruitme manage the work on air part of the Council's Sta soon be underway withe establishing a strategic identifying specific mean Quality Management A
			Minimise the number of traffic routes diverted (e.g. due to roadworks) signposted into Air Quality Management Areas, where air quality has been recognised formally as an issue.	< 10 p.a.	0	No diversions have bee Areas.
13. Household waste re- used, recycled or composted	AMBER	$\leftrightarrow$	% of household waste a) recycled, b) composted and c) re-used (and total %)	a) 30% b) 29.5% c) 0.5% Total >60%	a) 28.97% b) 30.48% c) 0.2% Total 59.65 %	Figures are the forecas combined effort of OCC subject to a high degree the performance measu know this for the whole data for March 2021 ha on actual data for the p data for April - August 2 influenced by the COVI year. Other influences the economic uncertainty, to that influence green wa
			% of household waste sent to landfill (forecasted end of year position)	< 3%	2.83%	Most of the waste land collected from residents of the HWRCs and sus for a period at the start low figure early in the We expect the amount be similar to last year waste that continues to
			% of household waste recycled, composted and re-used at our Household Waste Recycling Centres (HWRCs).	> 59%	65.27%	HWRCs reopened on 1 is the end of year forec forecasting is difficult in August (65.18) is main with a higher recycling

or April to October (data is reported one month in

uality data, although improved reporting of the ected to be available from November. This follows tment of a new Air Quality Programme Manager to air quality strategy, monitoring and action plans as Strategic Planning Team. Discussions will also with service areas and partner organisations about gic framework for managing air quality, including heasures and actions required in designated Air t Areas.

been sign posted through Air Quality Management

asted end of year performance, which is the CC, City and District Councils. The forecasts are ree of uncertainty; please note we use forecasts as asures are based on tonnage and we do not yet ble year and won't until May 2021 when tonnage has been verified. We produce the forecasts based e previous months, i.e. for October reporting actual at 2020. Waste tonnages currently continue to be DVID-19 restrictions and remain higher than last es that could have an impact during the year include y, the rate of housebuilding, and seasonal factors waste volumes.

andfilled is bulky waste from the HWRCs and ents by the district councils. Due to the closure suspension of district council bulky collections art of the pandemic landfill dropped to a very ne year. It has since been slowly recovering. Int of waste landfilled by the end of the year to ar (3.42%) compared to over 95% of residual to be sent to Ardley ERF for energy recovery.

n 18 May after being closed for 8 weeks. This figure ecast and remains uncertain as accurate t in current circumstances. The increase from inly due to wood being sent to a different processor ng rate that is yet to be validated.

WE STRIVE TO GIVE EVERY CHILD A GOOD START IN LIFE AND PROTECT EVERYONE FROM NEGLECT									
OUTCOME	INDICATOR	OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY			
			Number of expectant mothers who receive a universal face to face contact at 28 weeks	78%	No Data	During Wave 1 50% o response and they be Quarter 2. Universal F families) were proactiv cohort was 77.9%. All			
			Percentage of births that have received a face to face New Birth Visit	95%	97.8%	All families received a assessed or virtually.			
			Percentage of children who received a 12-month review	93%	No Data	This target has been in the workforce was red returning to their subs Plus families (the mos up, the performance for in post for Quarter 3.			
Children	14. Prevalence of healthy children		Percentage of children who received a 2-21/2 year review	93%	No Data	This target has been in the workforce was red returning to their subst Plus families (the mos and the performance f post for Quarter 3.			
are given a good start in life			Babies breastfed at 6-8 weeks of age	60%	No Data	This target was achieved by COVID-19. During redeployed to the NHS substantive roles in Q vulnerable families) was for this cohort was 27° with breastfeeding, off help. This indictor is in methods are often est Midwifery services we			
			% of mothers receiving a Maternal Mood Review in line with the local pathway by the time the infant is aged 8 weeks.	95%	No Data	This target was achieved by COVID-19. During redeployed to the NHS substantive post in Qu vulnerable families) we cohort was 93.2%. Appointments/visits we face if risk assessed a			
	15. Number of children we care for R		Safely reduce the number of children we care for to bring it nearer to the average of our statistical neighbours during 2020-21.	750	777	The number of childre compared to 805 12 m target as fewer people backlogs in family cou			

of the workforce was redeployed to the NHS began returning to their substantive posts during Partnership Plus families (the most vulnerable tively followed up, and the performance for this All staff are now back in post for Quarter 3.

a new birth visit either face to face were risk v. This indicator includes all births. (1707 births)

n impacted by COVID-19, during wave 1 50% of edeployed to the NHS response and they began ostantive posts in Quarter 2. Universal Partnership ost vulnerable families) were proactively followed for this cohort was 84.3%. All staff are now back

n impacted by COVID-19. During Wave 1 50% of edeployed to the NHS response and they began ostantive posts in Quarter 2. Universal Partnership ost vulnerable families) were proactively followed up e for this cohort was 88.7%. All staff are now back in

ieved in 2019/20, however, it has been impacted og the first wave 50% of the workforce was HS response and they began returning to their Quarter 2. Universal partnership Plus (the most was proactively followed up and the performance 27%. The service did continue to support mothers offering universal packages of care and virtual interdependent on midwifery services as feeding established before babies leave the hospital. were also impacted.

ieved in 2019/2020 however it has been impacted og the first wave 50% of the workforce was HS response and they began returning to their Quarter 2. Universal Partnership Plus (most were proactively followed up, performance for this

were either phone/digital consultation or face to l as necessary.

ren we care for was 777 at the end of November months ago. The figure is above (worse than) ble are leaving the cared for system in part due to burts.

				CA6			
	16. Number of children's social care assessments	G R E E N	$\leftrightarrow$	Level of social care assessments to not exceed the 2019-20 level.	< 7,250	5953	The service is staffed hence assessments) f holidays.
	17. Number of child protection plans	G R E E N	$\leftrightarrow$	Maintain the number of children who are the subject of a child protection plan to the average of our statistical neighbours during 2020-21.	550	536	Although performance children the subject of police incidents are be and notably an increas serious harm.
Children are able to reach their potential	18. Timeliness of completing Education, Health and Care Plans	A M B E R	$\leftrightarrow$	Increase the proportion of Education Health and Care Plans (EHCPs) that are completed within 20 weeks, to be above the national average by March 2021	58.7%	49%	In the last 12 months 4 compared with a lates Even with COVID-19 r

ed for 140 assessments per week. Referrals (and s) fell during lock down and the subsequent school

oce is positive there is a risk that the number of of a plan may increase as return to school and beginning to trigger child protection investigations ease in the number of children presenting with very

ns 49% of plans have been issued in 20 weeks, test national average (2019 calendar year of 59%). 9 requests for EHCPs have not dropped.

#### WE ENABLE OLDER AND DISABLED PEOPLE TO LIVE INDEPENDENTLY, AND CARE FOR THOSE IN GREATEST NEED

OUTCOME	INDICATOR		OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY	
		N O		Maintain the number of hours of reablement delivered	Targets	5384	Figures are affected by C reablement contract and patients leave hospital ar	
	short-term	T R A	1	Number of people receiving reablement	will be set during Quarter 3	1698	service. An example of th been running since mid-J -their own home as quickly	
		ED		% of people who need no ongoing care after the end of reablement		41%	partnership between the Health NHS Trust and the affected by COVID-19 wi Also, people in the comm own homes. As we move to a new contract, which These combined makes of this is such a key contract activity.	
		G R E E N		% of people with safeguarding concerns who define the outcomes they want	> 90%	96.1%	This is a local measure s here as a key measure of safeguarding concern ca improving in the year.	
Care services support independent living	20. Number of people with			Number of people with personal budgets remains above the national average	> 90%	91%	91% of people in Oxford the council have a perso	
	control over their care		$\leftrightarrow$	% of people aged over 65 using Adult Social Care services who receive a direct payment remains above the national average	> 17%	24%	24% of people over 65 in care in their own home h nationally	
				% of people aged under 65 using Adult Social Care services who receive a direct payment remains above the national average	> 40%	45%	45% of people aged 18- social care in their own I nationally.	
		G		Reduce the number of people delayed in hospital awaiting health care	22	10	_ Central government ha	
		REE	$\leftrightarrow$	Reduce the number of people delayed in hospital awaiting <b>social</b> care	6	6	going forward as it is rec timely and appropriate p	
	hospital	N		Reduce the number of people delayed in hospital awaiting both <b>health and social</b> care	26	19	as a local measure till a	
				Maintain the number of home care hours purchased per week	> 21,000 hours	24,424	There has been a 16% i purchased since April, w home	
	22. People needing			Reduce by 10% the number of people aged 18-64 entering permanent residential care (vs. OCC rate of the past 3 years)	< 39 people	12	12 people so far in the y	
	social care are supported to stay in	Il care upported ay in own	$\leftrightarrow$	Ensure the % of working age (18-64) service users with a learning disability support, who are living on their own or with their family, remains above the national average (76%)	> 76%	90.9%	The service keeps delive	
	their own home			Increase to the national average the percentage of older people in long term care who are supported to live in their own home	> 57%	59.5%	Increasing home care be	
					There are 60 successful nominations for Extra Care Housing for older people with care needs in 2020-21	60	13	13 nominations in the ye 50)

COVID-19. This is the last year of the current ad we want to review the overall pathway by which and this will change the requirement of the existing this being the Home First pilot (Home First has d-July. The aim of the scheme is to return patients to ckly as possible. The scheme is delivered in the Council; Oxford University Hospital Trust; Oxford the CCG). During the first quarter the figures were with fewer people admitted to and leaving hospital. Inmunity were less willing to have ne people in their ve to the end of the financial year we will transition th will all affect the level of reablement provided. s difficult to rate this measure at the moment, but as act we want to continue reporting on the level of

e so there is no national benchmark. It is included e of how people who are the subject of a can maintain control of the process. Figure is

rdshire who receive on-going social care funded by sonal budget compared with 90% nationally.

in Oxfordshire who receive council funded social have a direct payment compared with 17.5%

8-64 in Oxfordshire who receive council funded n home have a direct payment compared with 40%

as ceased the reporting of delayed transfers of care ecognised that this is not the best measure of patient flow through hospitals. It is reported here a new national measure is agreed.

which is helping to support more people to live at

year therefore pro rata 18 in year

ivering ahead of target.

being purchased and fewer care home admissions

year to date, though admissions are higher (at over

OUTCOME	INDICATOR	OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY
	initastructure	A M B E R	Percentage of the Capital Programme delivered in line with budget (measured by comparing the Council-approved budget of Feb 2020 for 2020-21 with the outturn budget)	95% (cumulative target to end of March 2021)	73% (position as at 30 <sup>th</sup> Nov)	This measures the car means 73% of agree spent or committed. There is a robust pla March 2021.
Everyone has access to good homes and jobs		A	We support the delivery of new affordable housing starts,1322 by March			The programme has due to low grant rate consequent lack of ta approx. 600 units pro been extended to Ma
	new homes	B ↔ R	2022	1,322 homes to March 2022	637 homes estimate d to March 2021	Discussions with MH Local Government) h programme will be ex further 5th year exter delivery of COVID de a revised competitive agreeing grant rates process. This will be
						MHCLG have receive will deliver the Deal of
			Number of businesses given support by Trading Standards interventions or fire risk inspections	2260	1688	Our continued commit team is continuing to y Covid-19. The Trading Standard its business intervention (weight restriction enfo Rate is April to end o
Businesses are able to grow and develop	a conomit	A M B E R	Rate of participation in innovation funding bids or new projects in support of the Living Oxfordshire and Oxfordshire's Innovation ambition	20	32	funding calls have be turn around and often submitted over our ta number of successfu of SBRI (Small Busin around Geospatial m
			Proportion of live iHub (OCC's Innovation Hub) projects progressing on schedule and on budget	>75%	92%	Rate is for November time and delivery mile projects by 3 months by 3 months. The Ox for simulation of trans availability and delay of projects that were completed which refle

capital infrastructure major programme and eed programme for the year 20/21 has been

lan in place to achieve 100% by end of

as not met the agreed three-year target. This is tes offered to Registered Providers and f take up in early years. COVID also delayed programmed for year three. The programme has March 2022.

IHCLG (Ministry for Housing, Communities and ) have led to a principled agreement that the extended to a fourth year with the possibility of rension, on a scheme by scheme basis to ensure delayed homes. In addition, MHCLG have agreed ve grant regime that will see Oxfordshire es with Homes England via a joint assessment be a national exemplar.

ived and approved a revised programme that I commitments for affordable housing.

nitment to delivering audits by our fire protection o yield results, despite the restrictions around

rds team has continued to undertake some of and notion activities particularly in Road Traffic aforcement) and business related Covid-19 of November. Post COVID-19 it has been noted become increasingly competitive, many with short ten lower funding pots. However, we have target number and are achieving an adequate ful bids. This month we have submitted a number siness Research Initiative) bids with partners mapping innovation and projects.

ber. There is reliance on external partners to reach nilestones. Government has extended some of the ns and has put on hold the Gov tech contributions Dxfordshire Mobility Model (a cloud-hosted model ansport demand) may be delayed because of data ays with getting this due to COVID-19. A number re delayed or behind schedule have been effects the improved figure.

			CA6			1
			Reduce the number of failed utility works inspected	<15%	13.5%	From 1,231 sample A/E (including all follow up i failure rate.
			Increase in the number of days' works on the highway saved via the Council's duration challenges	5% over 19-20 rate	Rate not available	Currently unable to qua supplier to identify and
						Discussions with the sy to be available from Ma
			Reduce the number of "return repairs" to the Council's own works (i.e. revisiting to correct Non-Compliant Defects)			The reported rate is for is expected to be low. T pothole defects are rep fill'. This continues to be
	26. Level of	G R		<5%	0.13%	A random 10% check v Officers, and data confi Defects.
People and communities	disruption to journeys	E ← N	>			November rate calculat own works (NCDs) 4 di
have excellent transport and			Minimise the number of Deemed Permits allowed (i.e. applications for permits approving works on the highway that have been received into the system but not processed in accordance with the Oxfordshire Permit Scheme)	<1%	0%	No permits that entered
broadband connections			Delivery of 2020/21 planned programme for number of highway trees surveyed within the 4-year cycle.	100% by end of Mar 2021	100%	4-year inspection progr programme for inspecti November, despite cha and potential alignment being reviewed to look value of the service. Re
			Average excess waiting time for buses on frequent services (minutes)	5 mins	1.1 mins	Service frequencies ha August. The target of 5 with the Punctuality Imp signed off by OCC and
	27. Enhanced digital connectivity for residents and businesses	G R E ← N	The number of premises we have enabled to have access to superfast broadband within Oxfordshire, via our contracts with BT and Airband	79,600	79,258	Rate is to end of Septer markedly over the Sum This quarter saw the clo Programme (BBfO) pro of 64,500 premises to b achieved. Targeted per standing at 97.9%. Targ currently above 74%. A £3m.

VB/C inspections conducted in November p inspections) 167 failed. This equates to 13.5%

uantify. Service is accelerating work with the IT and log the relevant data.

system supplier and DfT data is expected May 2021.

or November. The level of non-compliant defects 7. This is because approximately 90% of all epaired as 'cut' defects rather than 'sweep and be monitored.

was completed in November by Highway nfirms there were 0.13% Non-Compliant

lated as total number of return repairs/visits to divided by total potholes fixed 3,171 = 0.13%

ed the system went deemed.

gramme is in place. 100% of the planned annual cting 84 parishes has been completed as at end hallenges with COVID-19. Performance Indicators ents with other indicators for the Tree Service are ok at options to provide further information on the Revised measures are due by end of March 2021.

have been restored to pre-COVID levels as of 30 5 minutes is under review to ensure consistency mprovement Partnership (PIP) agreement, to be and bus operator Directors.

tember. Connections across Oxfordshire picked up immer with over 1,000 premises being connected. closure of the Better Broadband for Oxfordshire programme. This programme had an original target be connected which now stands at over 79,000 percentage superfast coverage was 90%, now argeted take-up of services was 20% and is . All achieved whilst accruing an underspend of c

CA6			
			Openreach delivered the funded Businesses in Ru
			This measure is reported December.
The % of premises in Oxfordshire with access (via either our contract or commercial providers) to superfast/ultrafast/full fibre broadband	99%	97.9%	Rate is to end of Septen via our contracts or via o This also covers the full to the premise. This mea due end of December.
<ul> <li>The % of premises in Oxfordshire without access to:</li> <li>At least Basic Broadband (at least 2Mb/s)</li> <li>OFCOM 'acceptable' broadband (10Mb/s)</li> </ul>	<=0.1	0.26% 0.83%	<ul> <li>Rates are to end of Septour managed programm by suppliers. As the abofall. This measure is republic to the 2Mb/s measure reaching these most isolowe would want it to be, https://www.commonstation.com/linear/lin</li></ul>

their first structures this quarter under the DEfRA Rural Oxfordshire (BiRO) programme. rted quarterly, with next update due end of

ember. Figure is for Oxfordshire delivered either a commercial coverage from a range of suppliers. Ill range of available services and not just full fibre neasure is reported quarterly, with next update

eptember. Figures are impacted by the delivery of nmes and commercial delivery across Oxfordshire bove two measures increase, these figures will eported quarterly, with next update due end of

ure reflects the difficulty (and expense) in solated and rural dwellings orHamlets.

ed by a small amount and is slightly above where however, a plan is in place to address this.

#### ANNEX B – LEADERSHIP RISK REGISTER – November 2020

	OCC Leadership Risk Register											
REF	Risk Title	<b>Risk Cause</b> Description of the trigger that could make the risk happen	Risk Effect Description of the consequences of the risk, positive or negative	Risk Owner	Risk Manager	Inheren (gross) risk lev (no controls	el	Residual risk level (after existing controls) Kating Kating	Mitigating actions Further actions required	D'tion of travel		
LR1	manageme nt - Children: managing the impact of increased demand on council services	resources available to meet statutory duties, community needs and political aspirations. This may be due to changing demographics, growth and the current outbreak of COVID -19, leading to more requests for children's social care, SEN services, elective home education and adult services and housing. Failure to reconfigure services (both directly provided and commissioned by the Council) to become more preventative in their approach, could exacerbate the effect of rising demand. The impact on	leading to poor engagement from partners and the community. Potential for legal requirements not being met. Services to the most vulnerable residents or groups are disrupted or not provided due to ineffective assessment and prioritisation processes. Vulnerable children and young people are ineffectively safeguarded and come to harm, and their educational needs unmet. Failure to balance budget and/or maintain capital investment strategy in infrastructure. Financial – significant overspend in annual budgets Over-reliance on voluntary groups acting without	Kevin Gordon	Hannah Farncombe & Karen Fuller	5 4 2	Demand management in children's shows succes in early help assessments ahead of target. Maintain a good early-help and prevention offer, in partnership with key stakeholders to ensure diversion from high cost services. Maintain good communication of early-help and prevention offer within the community to ensure effective uptake of services. Efficient assessment of need and risk – strong 'Front door' arrangements including effective MASH. Maintain good practice and performance reporting to ensure timely triage and assessment of contacts into services. Management oversight of children's social care plans to ensure timely progress is achieved and drift is eliminated. Child protection numbers continuing to reduce safely: continue to drive successful achievement of child protection plans and step-down of statutory intervention and monitor re-referrals. All services are tasked with managing activities within allocated budgets Council transformation - moves to reconfigure services to be more preventative in their approach drive out failure demand, an involve partners and the Voluntary and Community Sector. iMPOWER ii October 2019 identified OCC as 5th most productive council for older people Command and control structure implemented to deal with the CV-19 outbreak. (Adult Social Care cell set up at TV and Oxon wide. TV LRF Children's and Education cell also established). Staff reassignment process in place to maintain provision. Children's Social care anticipate surge in referral to early help and children's social services when schools fully reopen in September	5 4 20	Recruiting new social care workforce, including those recently retired and others willing to train. Staff retraining and redeployment process in place to maintain provision, including children's residential care. Temp additional social workers have been retained and increased to manage the surge in demand as year groups have returned to school. Internal service re-design to direct greater resource into the Front Door and child in need services. September and October have seen volatile levels of referrals and demand for assessments, including weeks with very high numbers. This is linked to return to school and high levels of police referrals. Re-designed early help partnership work has developed swift access to help in communities for children and families and mobilised resources across schools/agencies/MASH/VCS. Transformation projects have been kept on track as redesigned services prioritise managing demand, supporting directly provided services and those that we commission, to develop a more preventative approach. Our new Family Safeguarding model will reduce the numbers of looked after children in particular. This went live on 02/11/20. The planned Early Intervention Service by allowing more children to receive support and thrive in mainstream education placements and increase the confidence of parents that their child's needs can be met without the need for a specialist placement.	$\leftrightarrow$	Early Help networks support have been needs addressed o offering direct supp 14.09.20. Council's integrated with the I Referrals for social anticipated. MASH being utilised efficie additional temporar A review of SEN set the forward plan is has received 28% i education. The inte pressures in as time additional resource Risk reviewed - No	

Comments	Last Updated
works offering 'pre-front door' swift access to family been trialled. Good impact: circa 100 families' sed over 5 weeks. Networks were reinstituted support to all schools from w/c noil's locality community support teams have been the MASH and are absorbing referrals for service. ocial care are rising with return to school, as ASH has been reviewed to ensure all roles are efficiently to absorb additional demand, and any porary staffing requests are properly evidenced. N services, including EIS, is underway to ensure an is a cost-effective model of delivery. The council 8% increase in requests for elective home a internal team (3 staff) are managing the s timely way as possible and we have requested burce from the DfE. - No changes	11/12/2020

					CA	46		
LR2	of Risk of death dee or serious im children: injury to fai ensuring children or contract there are young people Reference through throw through throug	otentially evastating npact to a child, amily and community. reduced trust in the Council and artners. Notification of coor performance hay affect the council's current ervice adgements and ead to Central fovernment tervention, esulting in a igher financial cost related to nprovement ctivity and itervention.	n Lara Patel, Hayley Good & Karen Fuller	Maintain strong focus on good practice, performance reporting and statutory requirements, ensuring timely record keeping, compliance with procedures and acting on any poor performance indicators at an early stage. Monitored weekly through CEF Performance Dashboard and Performance Management Framework. Daily monitoring report for ASC deputy-director with monthly scrutiny at ASC Performance Board. Every child known to social care services is RAG rated and face to face visits to all children open to CSC have been reinstated. Efficient assessment of need and risk by having strong children's 'Front door' arrangements in place, including effective MASH. Completion of CEF Self-evaluation report every quarter which is submitted to Ofsted at the Annual Conversation. Statutory safeguards continue to be upheld at both service level and with individual children Detailed updated guidance for social workers implemented to ensure all children receive home visits. Quality assurance framework in children's social care currently being assessed for reach, effectiveness and impact. Safeguarding complaints submitted to Ofsted are reviewed and investigated in a timely manner. Outcomes are reported to Ofsted. School attendance is monitored daily, attendance team staff undertaking home visits to encourage attendance, in partnership with schools Numbers of electively home educated children are monitored.	3 15	Weekly reviews of RAG ratings. Multi-agency Domestic Abuse campaign county wide. Advice and guidance prepared for schools in readiness for anticipated phased return Preparing for recovery and learning from lockdown experiences of working with young people Discussions are taking place between officers from Children's Services and representative Headteachers to identify key considerations as schools admit all children. To the fore in the thinking are safeguarding, emotional wellbeing, health and safety matters. Work is underway to provide mental health training in schools to support returning children, via the DfE Wellbeing for Education Return programme. Attendance is monitored and reported by schools to the DfE daily. Numbers of children registered as Electively Home Educated have increased significantly. Mediation is underway to encourage returning to a school roll. Numbers are monitored and reported to DfE daily.	÷	100+ Schools par programme are be Others are being of sectors of the sch national averages since the same pe 35%Performance frameworks are fu assurance audit th front line manage monthly rather that face-to-face visits This is being mon statutory visits are individual workers Risk reviewed -No

Is participating in the Wellbeing for Education Return are being supported to deliver the programme. being encouraged to participate. Attendance in all e school community has been consistently above rages. Numbers of EHE have increased by 19% me period last year. National increase is bance management and quality assurance are further embedded with additional quality udit training having been delivered to all senior and nagers in Aug and Sept. RAG ratings now reviewed er than weekly as all children are being seen via visits to family homes, schools and placements. monitored weekly and any late recording of its are addressed directly by team managers with orkers. ed -No changes	11/12/2020

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RE	F Risk Title	Risk Cause Description of the trigger that could make the risk happen	Risk Effect Description of the consequences of the risk, positive or negative	Risk Owner	Risk Manager	(gr risk (no	erent oss) ( level htrols)	Existing Controls Description of actions already taken or controls in place to mitigate the risk	ris e	esid sk le (afte xisti ontro	evel er ng	<b>Mitigating actions</b> Further actions required	D'tion of travel	F
						Impact	Probability Rating		Impact	Probability	Rating			
LR	Capital <sup>3</sup> Infrastructure Programme Delivery	of the Capital Infrastructure Programme has a different set of deal conditions formally agreed with Government. The recently signed HIF1 and HIF 2 funding agreements have agreed delivery end dates, which	of Nov '24. HIF could cost OCC £1m per month after March '24. Other risks could include: Withdrawal of funding, lack of accelerated homes delivered and potential breakdown in collaborative working across Oxfordshire local authorities. Reduced delivery of affordable housing and related impact on the community Lack of investment in	Paul Feehily	Owen Jenkins	5	3 15	A Director has been allocated to focus on OCC Infrastructure Delivery which will address senior management capacity challenges. The role focuses on delivering the capital programme and establishing internal processes to speed up delivery e.g. a Programme Management Office has been established, a new ICT system for more effective Project Management is being introduced (Oct 2020) and new governance structure to deal with the volume of schemes in the pipeline and provide, for example, technical programme management, risk/assurance management, performance management and a broader partnership function. Temporary Additional skills and resources have been brought in to assist with the programme management of the major elements of the programmes.	5	2	10	The directorate has started a Service Improvement that links to the Communities directorate redesign and will ensure the long-term resources are put in place and all processes are modernised and in place to manage this large and complex set of programmes. A corporate Assurance Board has been set up, chaired by the CEO to ensure the cross-council focus and support is in place to capture any issues early and enable the prioritisation of resources and effort where needed. The impact remains high; however, the probability is improving reducing the probability score and therefore the risk rating.	} ↔	M et bu re R
LR	Local and community resilience ensuring there are plans in place to support and engage communities with regards to resilience, cohesion, and community tension	tensions or create flashpoints. Equally a united effort may increase	appropriately.	Yvonne Rees	Rob MacDougall	4	3	Thames Valley Police and Safer Community Partnership are monitoring communities to identify any issues that may indicate escalating community tensions. Communication network in place including local Members to provide single consistent messaging via multiple trusted sources should it be needed.		2		Health Protection Board, MOAC and Surveillance Cell in place to manage pandemic surveillance, implementation of restrictions and Oxfordshire System communications. Outbreak planning and Standard Operating Procedures completed and tested. Joint Oxfordshire System Comms supporting pandemic restrictions, outbreak control and guidance. Impacts of UK Transition being reviewed by specific Oxfordshire System group and community tension risk being reviewed by Local Resilience Forum.	$\leftrightarrow$	N L C R

Comments	Last Updated
Mitigating Action are in place and beginning to take effect, including temporary resources to ensure programmes are progressed. Significant progress has been made in scheme delivery, and although some residual risk remains, the situation is improving. Risk Reviewed- No changes	01/12/2020
No adjustments made. Meeting be scheduled by Lord Lieutenant for Oxfordshire key leaders but date yet to be confirmed. Risk reviewed - Comments updated	09/12/2020

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LR5	Management of partnerships (non- commercial) maximising the use of effective partnerships to deliver strategic outcomes and community benefit.	partnership working and relationships with key strategic partners, including District and City Councils, the CCG, NHS, Police, Military and voluntary and community sector, leading to negative impact on service delivery and outcomes for local residents / communities. CV- 19 outbreak heightens both the potential and impact of this, with attention and resources being necessarily diverted to prioritise the outbreak over 'business as usual' relationships.	potential to negatively affect public confidence in the Council (e.g. through inspection outcomes) Failure to work effectively with the local Voluntary & Community Sector (VCS) might impact on our ability to both support and utilise the capacity and capability of the sector to help generate community resilience, community willingness to effectively address local needs and help to reduce demand for services (e.g. prevention)		Robin Rogers	4 2	8	<ul> <li>Ongoing management of existing relationships held at Cabinet and senior officer level, including sharing of priorities and early discussion of potential changes or challenges Supported by regular engagement and interaction at different levels of the organisation, including joint working initiatives and shared posts</li> <li>Formal/informal meetings with main bodies and sector representatives</li> <li>Participation and engagement in local partnerships, forums and project / policy development work</li> <li>The Civilian / Military Partnership is implementing changes to how it operates, and has supported the Council to achieve Gold status under the Armed Forces Employer Recognition Scheme</li> <li>Health and Wellbeing Board has oversight of development of Integrated Care System and pooled budget arrangements</li> <li>Growth Board retains oversight of the implementation of the Housing and Growth Deal and Housing Infrastructure Fund schemes.</li> <li>Systems recovery structures in place to deliver Recovery strategy and on-going response to CV- 19</li> <li>New liaison arrangements in-place with VCS for Covid-19response to cover community response, VCS resilience and recovery planning</li> </ul>	3		6 1	<ul> <li>Maintain oversight of partnerships in the county to reflect new recovery systems working arrangements, including bilateral.</li> <li>New working relationships with VCS and infrastructure support contract are being developed, with new support arrangements to be in place by April 2022.</li> <li>Ommunity development strategy and approach to be produced and implemented jointly with VCS and partners?</li> <li>Partners' engagement with / involvement in Community Resilience work will help to minimise the likelihood of this risk</li> </ul>	$\leftrightarrow$
LR6	Supply chain management ensuring effective delivery through the supply chain		service requirements or service provision.	Steve Jorden	Jeremy Richards	4 2	8	The Procurement team has a contract in place for a credit check service that analyses the financial position of an organisation to determine a credit score. This information is used in the Tender evaluation process to select a suitable supplier and to monitor ongoing performance of current suppliers. Current suppliers that see a drop in their financial rating would trigger an alert that would be considered by the applicable contract manager .	4	2	2 8	The Procurement Team is now providing ELT members and identified Contract Mangers a quarterly report of all suppliers with spend above £25k c/w a credit risk rating score to enable contract managers to manage any identified risks, with support from the Procurement Team. This quarterly report is complemented with a monthly report which sets out any changes to supplier risk scores. Furthermore, as a result of Covid-19 the likelihood of this risk is deemed to have increased and thus the procurement and finance team now hold a weekly joint meeting to consider funding solutions to support At Risk Suppliers in accordance with the national guidance note PPN04/20.	$\leftrightarrow$

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Risk reviewed - No changes	16/12/2020
Risk is being managed by service area contract managers c/w the provision of a monthly report and the weekly joint procurement and finance meeting. Risk Reviewed - Risk Owner updated	16/12/2020

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							OCC Leadersh	ip Risk	Re	gister			
REF	. Risk Title	<b>Risk Cause</b> Description of the trigger that could make the risk happen	Risk Effect Description of the consequences of the risk, positive or negative	Risk Owner	Risk Manager	Inpeact Impact Probability Rating Rating	Existing Controls Description of actions already	Resid risk le (afte existi contro bropapility	evel er ing ols)	<b>Mitigating actions</b> Further actions required	D'tion of travel	Comments	Last Updated
LR7	Delivery of statutory duties delivery of service and duties in compliance with requirements and responding to changes.	That the Council acts unlawfully by failing to deliver statutory responsibilities	<ul> <li>Litigation/judicial review</li> <li>Financial penalties - Local Government</li> <li>Ombudsman/Reg ulators/Central Government</li> <li>Damages liability to residents and commercial counterparties</li> <li>Central Government intervention</li> </ul>	Ghuman	Glenn Watson	4 3 12	<ul> <li>'Constitution of Council (including Finance Procedure Rules and Contract Procedure Rules)</li> <li>Support role of Finance, Legal and Procurement</li> <li>Audit function</li> <li>Legal Compliance and Service Plan</li> <li>Service Level Agreements between directorates and Legal</li> <li>Dedicated specialist teams for information rights and complaints resolution</li> </ul>	4 1	4	Ensure support functions are fully resourced Action plan is in place to ensure we are address our statutory duties for the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards for adults, statutory duties for children with special educational needs and disabilities; and unregistered provision for children. Scheme of Delegation (Finance) reviewed to reflect current management structure. Information rights, complaints and Ombudsman cases tracked	$\leftrightarrow$	Action plans continue to be reviewed and addressed by the Leadership Team. When appropriate, consideration ought to be given to statutory easements for SEN and Social Care. Mapping FOI, Subject Access Requests and Complaints onto potential GOSS system for corporate recording and tracking Complaints Service – taking remedial action to preserve the service due to temporary absences/sickness; Monitoring Officer aware; additional assistance drafted from Governance Service; and action plan with HR to secure effective staffing resource. Risk reviewed - Comments updated	16/12/2020
	Corporate governance creating and embedding an effective and robust management and governance system that provides accountability and transparency.	That the Council's corporate governance, including supplementary governance arrangements to support the CV-19 response, is insufficiently robust, either due to incomplete processes or limited staff awareness of its requirements.	Inconsistent, uncompliant or potentially unlawful actions/decisions. Inability to support Council's democratic functions / obligations (e.g. remote public meetings, remote voting) Elements of the Covid-19 response may be compromised or delayed.	Sukdave Ghuman	Glenn Watson		<ul> <li>Council governance framework is regularly reviewed and updated by senior managers and members.</li> <li>Constitution - updated and annually reviewed by Monitoring Officer and Full Council - Amendments made to the Constitution to facilitate virtual/remote public meetings.</li> <li>System of internal control - co-ordinated by the Corporate Governance Assurance Group; overseen by the Chief Internal Auditor; elected member oversight by Audit &amp; Governance Committee, which reviews the Annual Governance Statement.</li> <li>Annual Governance Statement – annual opportunity to review the effectiveness of internal controls; signed by Leader and three statutory postholders (HOPS, MO, CFO); overseen by Audit &amp; Governance Committee.</li> <li>Business Continuity Plans are in place which ensure that appropriate leadership of the Covid- 19 response.</li> <li>Control measures implemented throughout 2019/20 and updates on key issues are reported to Audit &amp; Governance Committee.</li> </ul>	2 1	2	Continue to undertake control measures throughout 2019- 20 and respond to specific matters as they arise. Annual Governance Statement process for 2020/21 is now under way with the Corporate Governance Assurance Group. Whistleblowing Polices updated and new co- ordinated approach in place under the Monitoring Officer (led by Principal Governance Officer) with central log being put in place and co-ordination of cases. Corporate Governance Assurance Group leading a project to review/align governance processes between Cherwell DC and Oxon CC. Constitution Review led by Monitoring Officer at both Oxon CC (scheduled for Jan - March 2021) and Cherwell DC (completed Dec 2020)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed - Mitigating actions updated.	16/12/2020

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<b>LR9</b> Workforce management long term plans to ensure a capable and skilled workforce with the capacity to deliver required and new services.	result in long term under- performance of the	Failure to manage the workforce and develop strategic HR plans may result in the following: •Recruitment and retention issues •Increased costs of agency staff • Increased costs in training and development •Underperformance or lack of delivery	Claire Taylor	Karen Edwards	3 4	12	On-going monitoring of issues and HR data Key staff in post to address risks (e.g. strategic HR business partners, reward manager) Ongoing service redesign will set out long term service requirements. Temporary dedicated resourcing support.	3	3	<ul> <li>Pevelopment and adoption of sector relevant workforce plans.</li> <li>Development of new People and Organisational Development strategy.</li> <li>The ability to interrogate and access key data (ongoing) in order to inform workforce strategies.</li> <li>Development of new Learning &amp; Development strategy, including apprenticeships Post Covid-19 recovery plans to support the workforce are under commission. These will include any lessons learnt and training needs and alignment with any new service delivery requirements arising from Covid-19.</li> <li>Weekly review of the absence data is being undertaken to identify areas of high absence.</li> </ul>
Organisational Change and Service Design LR10 ensuring there are effective plans and governance in place to deliver required organisational change.	The Council's portfolio of organisational change and service redesign programmes and projects under-delivers due to lack of capacity, expertise or governance. The ongoing impact of CV- 19 may mean that some organisational change projects are delayed. It may also mean that alternative modernisation, change or transformation al activities are required in order to deliver new or realigned services in a post Covid-19 world.	The impact of the risk occurring would be failure to realise improved service delivery, quality and inability to respond to growing demands. It may cause inefficiencies, increasing costs and/or lack of delivery of planned savings. Furthermore, inefficiencies may result in increased costs and/or lack of delivery of planned savings. The breadth of the programme means that it is built of many constituent parts, so that if any one project fails, it can be 'tied off', replaced or redesigned. This breadth means that risk is managed across a wide portfolio, but it also requires the right capacity, skills and governance to ensure delivery.	Claire Taylor	Tim Spiers		16	All projects identify benefits to be delivered and long-term financial implications (upfront costs and savings), supported by project plans Financial benefits realisation articulated in all project plans, monitored via monthly highlight reports and our corporate reporting process Systematic service improvement activity focused on demand management, and developing a more preventative approach to our services All project resourcing considered monthly; roles allocated & additional 3rd party support commissioned where there is a lack of internal capacity Organisation change and service redesign has been fully incorporated into business as usual and so scrutiny and assurance will revert to the Performance Scrutiny and Audit & Governance committees. This will be supplemented by detailed financial analysis that reflects the explicit link between the programme of work and the council's Medium-Term Financial Plan. Where joint activity is planned the Partnership Working Group review progress and delivery. Capacity and expertise are managed through inhouse resources (including development of new skills where necessary) and the use of external professional support where required – a mixed economy model of delivery. •CEDR continues to manage in flight change projects and directorates have been directed where possible that implementation of change is to continue e.g. provision cycle, family safeguarding, front office transformation where possible. Delays and the consequences thereof will be considered by CEDR as the accountable body for change management.	4	3	<ul> <li>Ensure that the Council's change agenda, including all existing programmes, is integrated into one overall portfolio of change programmes that lead and inform the Service and Resource Planning Process, and expand in scope where further savings are required</li> <li>Continue to ensure that detailed planning and monitoring of projects fully understands interdependencies between projects</li> <li>Ensure all change activity is fully aligned to, and supportive of, the corporate priority setting and Medium-Term Financial Planning process</li> <li>CEDR to regularly review the Council's portfolio of change programmes' (both corporate and service focused) fitness for purpose and delivery, as part of quarterly reviews reported to members CEDR to review impact of Covid-19 on organisational change a reprofile projects as required.</li> <li>Align work with CDC programmes wherever possible to achieve increased benefits.</li> </ul>

Risk reviewed - No changes	04/12/2020
There will be delaye to alapped work. Lawayer, the	
There will be delays to planned work. However, the analysis of full impact of Covid-19 on the organisational change and service redesign programmes and projects is ongoing.	
Monthly dashboards are now being produced and reported to CEDR. Further work required to ensure programme of work is fully aligned as outlined in mitigating actions. Ongoing work is being undertaken as outlined in mitigating actions. Further impact of second wave to be established.	11/12/2020
There have been various projects progressing well, although there have been some slippages, this is being managed by the governance process and a full risk review will be undertaken in the next quarter.	
Risk reviewed by Manager and Owner - Comments updated.	

OCC Leadership Risk Register											Register			
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LR11	resilience : ensuring there are effective plans in place to deliver a balanced budget and a sustainabl e medium- term financial strategy	longer-term financial plans are not sustainable, adequate or effective due to the outcomes of local government funding reforms; unexpected demand on services; financial management performance; financial support to local businesses and residents as a result of CV-19; or not achieving planned savings and efficiencies on time. CV-19 grant funding not at the required	Significant overspend at year end leading to: • extensive use of general balances, taking them below their risk assessed level • extensive use of earmarked reserves resulting in no funding available for earmarked purpose • further savings or income generation required in year or across the life of the Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP) Further reductions to funding will require additional savings or income generation opportunities above those in the existing MTFP. Given the scale of the reductions already delivered and those planned, plus continuing rising demand in Adults and Children's services, the ability to respond to this, and quickly, could put at risk the setting of a balanced budget and MTFP.	Lorna Baxter	lan Dyson	5	3 1	<ul> <li>Progress against current year's savings is tracked monthly and included in the Business Management Reports to Cabinet.</li> <li>Progress against future year's savings is also tracked monthly, and if necessary, addressed as part of the Service &amp; Resource Planning process Additional costs, loss of income and non-achievement of savings are being tracked and inform data returns to MHCLG</li> <li>Savings under the banner of Organisational Change and Service Design being monitored on a project/activity level with detailed planning, milestones &amp; reporting</li> <li>Regular meetings between Directors and s151 Officer to discuss significant financial issues and risks</li> <li>Service &amp; Resource Planning process including reports to Cabinet and Performance Scrutiny Committee and ultimately Council in February 2020.</li> <li>s25 report of Chief Finance Officer</li> </ul>	5 2 1	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	The financial impact of COVID-19 is being tracked and is being eported to CEDR, Cabinet and Performance Scrutiny Committee and as part of the monthly Business Management eport. As a result of the COVID-19 the expected financial pressures in rear have been managed through a Revised Budget, that was approved by Council in September. The Government continues to provide grant funding to assist with the public health response and containment of future further pubreaks, which is enabling targeting support to local businesses, communities and voluntary sector, without additional cost to the Council. The Government is also funding ost income on Sales Fees and Charges related to COVID, which we are claiming in accordance with the Government imetable. COVID related grants and funding are being reported routinely o CEDR The longer-term financial impacts will become clearer during the ecovery phase both locally and nationally, but currently remains uncertain. The recent Spending Review for 2021/22 has provided some detail through which assumptions can be made egarding the funding for next year, although details will not be snown until the Local Government Finance Settlement is announced. Information from the SR has been used to provide updated financial assumptions on which the public consultation on budget proposals for 2021/22 are based upon. The budget in lanuary 2021. CEF have established a project to develop a strategy and plan for the recovery of the £24M deficit in the High Needs DSG funding.	4	The impact of Covid19 has changed the financial outlook for the Council, and as a consequence the Council set a revised budget for 2020/21 and is in the process of setting a budget for 2021/22 taking into account the short to medium term financial implications of Covid-19. The longer-term impacts beyond 2021/22 are still to be understood and this will need to be continually reviewed, The action for the High Needs DSG recovery plan has been included. There is no current expectation that Government will seek to recover the deficit from the Council Funding; however, the spending is not yet under control and we have been required to produce a recovery plan for some time. Risk reviewed - Likelihood reduced to 2, reflecting the mitigations put in place, the 20/21 position and the degree of certainty around 2021/22. Mitigation refreshed and updated	11/12/2020
	and assets (maintenan ce cost)	condition management information	Non-compliance issues and potential financial pressures to bring our assets to a compliant and acceptable standard.	Steve Jorden	George Eleftheriou	4	4 1	Property, Investment and Facilities Management function redesign to get the right professionals running the service Develop Property Strategy which would determine where to prioritise efforts/spend on assets Install right systems to enable us to keep on top of managing information about our assets	3 2 6	h u fii a 6 V o fii T	Control activities are prioritising compliance (i.e. 'nice to haves can wait) Taking more long term views on use/potential use of certain assets. New asset condition surveys have indicated additional inancial pressures to bring maintenance of our assets to an acceptable condition. Work is ongoing on a number of sites. A programme based on risk and compliance was developed to resolve butstanding legacy issues and we continue to monitor the inancial effect of this activity. The FM team redesign needs to be a priority and completed as soon as possible.	$\leftrightarrow$	All of mitigation actions referred to are now in place and activities ongoing. The right team/expertise now inhouse dealing with this with a plan in place to achieve full compliance and maintain programme going forward H&S team within PIFM overseeing this and KPIs developed as means of checking performance. Additional budget allocated to the team to carry out further works Despite parts of the budget being offered for saving initiatives we are still confident that any risk is mitigated and BAU is unaffected. Risk reviewed - No changes	09/12/2020

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LR13	safety:	governance policy could lead to	•Breach of legislation and potential for enforcement action. •Financial impact (compensation or improvement actions)	Steve Jorden	Paul Lundy	4 3	1	<ul> <li>H&amp;S policies and procedures have been reviewed and adopted</li> <li>Risk Assessments completed including COVID-19.</li> <li>Provision of PPE is priority area of focus for both standard work issue and additional infection control requirements for</li> <li>COVID 19.</li> <li>Information and training programmes in place for staff and volunteers. Communications channels in place including COVID-19 focused</li> <li>H&amp;S Governance Board maintains oversight of policy and practice with response to COVID-19 covered within business continuity support structure.</li> <li>Additional budget has been allocated for rectifying all H&amp;S and compliance items across our buildings and to bring full statutory compliance</li> <li>We have established a H&amp;S and Compliance function within PIFM where the right expertise is now in-house to enable us to bring and maintain the right level of compliance</li> <li>H&amp;S monitoring will be carried out in selected services to assess compliance subject to restrictions due to COVID-19;</li> <li>Reporting of key data and issues to Leadership Teams and through business continuity support structure. This will include any incidents of work-related exposure to COVID-19 as per RIDDOR.</li> <li>Home-working arrangements supported by advice, guidance, equipment etc., frequent messages from CEO and Internal Comms.</li> </ul>	4		8	<ul> <li>* Ensuring staff continue to receive the necessary health and safety training - due current social distancing guidelines and restriction training is moved to online delivery where possible - Ongoing, alternative virtual delivery options now in place for most courses.</li> <li>Implement the actions of the recent H&amp;S Audit (April 2020) to further improve systems and controls - Ongoing</li> <li>PIFM to implement management systems to monitor property compliance and safe working practices. Process for ensuring all buildings used or re-opened are reviewed and risk assessed to ensure they are COVID-Safe. Ongoing as part of recovery plan</li> <li>Review and risk assess any changes in government guidance to ensure safe and compliant practices are followed. This is monitored and reported through the business continuity (COVID-19) support structure. Ongoing</li> <li>H&amp;S updates and guidance published on intranet and maintained by H&amp;S Team.</li> <li>Arrangements for supply and distribution of PPE is well established - no reported pressures.</li> </ul>	$\leftrightarrow$
LR14	and recovery plans Resilience to an	occurs that puts additional pressure on	Essential Council Services and Covid-19 Response services are unable to be recovered within a reasonable time frame. Impacts could include risk to life or welfare, financial loss (for example due to litigation) and reduction of trust in Council services	Yvonne Rees	Rob MacDougall	4 4	1	A business continuity improvement programme is under way and has led to significant improvements including to a consistent approach to business impact assessments, service business continuity frameworks and business continuity plans. Review of London Bridge undertaken by corporate leads.	9 4	2	2 {	Health Protection Board, MOAC and Surveillance Cell in place to manage pandemic surveillance, implementation of restrictions and Oxfordshire System communications COVID19 security on building are in place to support the restart of services and this is being coordinated by the Organisational Recovery Steering Group and CEDR. Business Continuity Plans have been reviewed in light of lessons learnt from the first wave of the pandemic.	$\leftrightarrow$

As of 2 <sup>nd</sup> Dec, return to Tier System (Ox T2). CEV staff who cannot work from home can return to frontline duties following risk assessment.	
As of Risk Assessments reviewed in light of guidance changes and safe systems of work appear effective. There has been 0 RIDDOR cases of COVID due to occupational exposure.	09/12/2020
Further work is underway to improve support for people working from home as part of Agile strategy.	
Review of H&S governance, resources and structures commenced to meet future organisational needs and objectives.	
Absence levels are being monitored but have not risen to significant levels	09/12/2020

	OCC Leadership Risk Register												
REF	Risk Title	<b>Risk Cause</b> Description of the trigger that could make the risk happen	<b>Risk Effect</b> Description of the consequences of the risk, positive or negative	Risk Owner	Risk Manager	(gro risk (no con	Area     Area       ross)     Sk level       o     Existing Controls       o     Description of actions already       taken or controls in place to     mitigate the risk	ris ( ex co	Lopasidua sk leve (after xisting ontrols	vel er ng ols) <b>Mitigating actions</b> D' Further actions required t	D'tion of travel	Comments	Last Updated
LR15	assurance that effective controls are in place to prevent security	threat mean that it is possible our defences will be breached, whether through system failure		Claire Taylor	Tim Spiers		A robust plan is in place and under continuous improvement. OCC and CDC are 'Cyber Security Essentials Plus'		3	The Government continues to provide grant funding to assist with the public health response and containment of future further outbreaks, which is enabling targeting support to local businesses, communities and voluntary sector, without additional cost to the Council. The Government is also funding lost income on Sales Fees and Charges related to COVID, which we are claiming in accordance with the Government timetable.	$\leftrightarrow$	<ul> <li>IT and Cyber Security Officer has been appointed to cover both OCC and CDC.</li> <li>The IT Service continues to work with colleagues and partners to manage the cyber security threat.</li> <li>IT technical resources from OCC and CDC are working closely to ensure both organisations are protected from Cyber security threats. Risk is being treated as a high priority due to the ongoing threat to all organisations.</li> <li>Briefing paper produced for CEDR on latest status and next steps to ensure priority is maintained in this critical area.</li> <li>Risk reviewed - Existing Controls and Comments updated.</li> </ul>	11/12/2020

REF	Risk Title	Risk Cause Description of the trigger that could make the risk happen	Risk Effect Description of the consequences of the risk, positive or negative	Risk Owner	Risk Manager	(gro risk (no	erent oss) ( leve	el	Existing Controls Description of actions already taken or controls in place to mitigate the risk	ris e:	sk le (afte xisti		Mitigating actions Further actions required	D'tion of travel	:
	ICT Infrastruc	make the risk happen	There is a risk of ICT failure which could disrupt our ability to sustain parts of the Council's services. We need to plan replacement as the back- up solution has started to fail intermittently. Council's ICT is inadequate and/or		Manager	cor	htrols	Rating	All servers and services have been migrated (by the end of Q4 2019/20) to the new data centre equipment and are operational. The new backup service is operational. The cloud Disaster Recovery solution is configured and	Impact	ontro	ols)			Dethewo
	ure is	The server infrastructure, backup and disaster recovery hardware is at or past end of life	inappropriate to support extensive homeworking during CV-19 response. Difficulties in providing ICT support for new/returning members of staff (and volunteers needing access to council systems?) Limited capacity/effectiveness in meeting the requirements of novel schemes/services required by Govt as part of CV-19 response	Claire Taylor	Alistair Read	4	3	r I V e I i r I	running. T support and provision for new/returning members of Staff is functioning well and demand is being met. T are working with Integrated Transport to deliver and collect equipment required by Staff working from home. T Staff have been reassigned to meet any ncrease in demand due to COVID19 business requirements. T have secured more laptops to help ensure we have stock in case there is delivery issues after Brexit	4	2		An expanded duty team will support delivery of critical services out of hours. New joint cyber security officer has been appointed which enables an even greater focus on protecting the organisation against possible cyber-attacks. Business Continuity Plans and Risk have been updated since the COVID-19 outbreak to capture all new learnings. Mitigation has been put in place to create COVID-19 bubbles to ensure essential staff are separated in case of infection. All projects have been prioritised to ensure that critical work can continue in case of 2nd or 3rd wave. A proposal for a more cost effective and less complex DR solution has been agreed and procurement will start this month for installation in November. This should be able to remove this risk. Procurement is happening this week. Installation pushed back until December. Installation of more cost-effective DR is underway. Completion by Jan 2021.	$\Leftrightarrow$	obj nev eve res req rep Ris Co

Comments	Last Updated
Demand for Covid-19 related IT activity is minimal, and there is an increase in more standard IT requests and work. IT Service is back to normal workloads and BAU objectives, with project work also increasing, utilising our new ways of working. Work is continuing on our IT Strategy to ensure we have even more flexibility in our IT for agile working. IT resources a bit stretched due to extra equipment requirements, SIM swaps and Windows Phone replacement service. Risk reviewed - Existing controls, Mitigating actions and Comments updated.	04/12/2020

								C	A	,		
LR17 Community and Customers providing service and support to those impacted by the coronavirus pandemic	Covid-19 virus results in potential impacts in terms of customers and communities. Including community resilience, ability to access services, consequences of prolonged social	meetings and customer contact. • Economic hardship impacting local	Claire Taylor	Mark Haynes	5	4	20	<ul> <li>Business Continuity Plans have been reviewed and tested to ensure the ongoing delivery of priority services</li> <li>Remote (home based) working in place, to facilitate self-isolation and limit impact on service delivery.</li> <li>Communications stepped up, to support remote working, reinforce national guidelines and set out the current organizational response.</li> <li>Regular updates from Director of Public Health, shared internally and externally. Partnership communications enhanced and regular conversations convened.</li> <li>Regular teleconference with local councils and emergency services discussing updates, concerns and best practice (in-line with usual business continuity and emergency planning protocols).</li> <li>Mutual aid with regional Thames Valley partners enables a tactical response to community resilience.</li> <li>Engagement with suppliers to manage impacts across the supply chain</li> <li>Creation of a dedicated telephony helpline to support the most clinically extremely vulnerable (shielded) residents in the county and operating extended hours each day</li> <li>Provision of additional body storage as temporary place of rest to support the current mortuary provision.</li> <li>Face to face customer events e.g. wedding ceremony, library provision ceased in line with government guidance</li> <li>Nov 2020 - Now in national restrictions and service offer to closure of customer facing activities and sites. Focus is still working with Districts / City and volunteers to provide assistance to those that need it.</li> </ul>		4	16	Ongoing review and implementation of Council and partnership business continuity and emergency planning arrangements. The nature of the risk is such that national public health guidelines will determine the councils' response. The councils will enact any support schemes as set out by national government as they emerge. The council will respond to new modelling figures provided by either Public Health England or Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government regarding excess deaths in the community As the current lockdown is eased, we will review the impact and take the necessary steps to follow the latest guidelines and instructions Customer contact demand will continue to be monitored and resource allocated to key priorites Appropriate risk assessments are being taken to enable the opening of key cultural sites in July 20 Involvement on the Health Protection Board supporting vulnerable customers if isolated due to tract and trace protocols and in line with Local Outbreak Plan Easing of lockdown restrictions has enabled a wider range of services to become more available to customers and residents. 91% of core libraries are now open and customer contact at the CSC is back to normal levels. Review of current BCP's underway. Progression on the reopening of cultural services sites on a phased approach CSC contact volumes at OCC are back to normal and in social care teams, the complexity of assessments being conducted has increased. BCP review completed and lessons learnt incorporated within. Given the increase in cases of covid19 within the country, it is essential that the impact on customers is carefully monitored. An Oxfordshire Local Contact Tracing Service has been introduced to contact cases of COVID-19 that NHS Test and Trace are unable to reach. These cases would then be advised to isolate and asked about details of their close contacts which would then be fed back into NHS Test and Trace for follow up National restrictions ended 2nd December and the County wide response.
	due to the Covid-19 19 virus results in potential impacts on frontline service delivery and the ability to run the councils'	<ul> <li>Possible reductions in frontline service delivery, events, meetings and customer contact.</li> <li>Potential confusion amongst staff with regards to how to plan and respond to reduced service availability, professional support and maintain business as usual.</li> <li>Requirement to reprioritise service delivery</li> <li>Assess critical services and consider alternative methods of delivery</li> <li>Requirement to offer mutual aid to partner organisations.</li> <li>Potential impact in the medium to long term resilience of staff may result in wider wellbeing issues.</li> </ul>	Claire Taylor	Karen Edwards	5	4		<ul> <li>Business Continuity Plans have been reviewed, tested and are maintained and updated</li> <li>Remote working in place</li> <li>Staff communications stepped up, to support remote working, reinforce national guidelines and set out the current organisational response.</li> <li>Regular updates from Director of Public Health, shared internally and externally.</li> <li>Regular teleconference with local councils and emergency services discussing updates, concerns and best practice. (in-line with usual business continuity and emergency planning protocols).</li> <li>Regular communication messages following Public Health advice</li> <li>Sanitisers in washrooms/corporate buildings</li> <li>Weekly sickness monitoring implemented</li> <li>Agile working being tested further across services, ensuring equipment and access is in place.</li> <li>Posters around the offices encouraging regular hand washing. Hand sanitisers available in washrooms and shared spaces.</li> <li>S tocks of laptops being maintained / weekly managers bulletin with guidance and support offered / arrangements in place for duty, on call and reassignment where necessary Improved understanding of the risk factors across the workforce identified through COVID-19 data.</li> <li>Weekly reports on all sickness absences, COVID-19 related and others, are being produced by Directorate.</li> </ul>		4	20	of business grants have been introduced in recent months The nature of the risk is such that national public health guidelines will determine the councils' response. IT has built a new reporting system with a RAG rating to update each area indicating and/or forecasting significant staff pressures when they happen.

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Risk reviewed - Mitigating actions updated.	09/12/2020
Risk reviewed - Mitigating actions updated	04/12/2020

# CA6

REF	Risk Title	<b>Risk Cause</b> Description of the trigger that could make the risk happen	<b>Risk Effect</b> Description of the consequences of the risk, positive or negative	Risk Owner	Risk Manager	Imberen (scorg) (risk lev on) Dropability	) /el	<b>Existing Controls</b> Description of actions already taken or controls in place to mitigate the risk	Resid risk le (aft contr topaqu topapility	evel er ing ols)	Mitigating actions Further actions required	D'tion o travel
	vulnerable adults: Failure to safeguard vulnerable adults. The Care Act 2014 places a duty on the council to work with other parts of the health and care system to safeguard adults at risk of abuse or neglect. Roles, responsibil ties and accountabi lity are set out in the act with the council being required to take the lead coordinatin g role.	<ul> <li>Increased numbers of safeguarding alerts without sufficient resource to manage them in a timely and appropriate manner</li> <li>Safeguarding concerns not being reported</li> <li>Failure to act when concerns are expressed about an individual being subject to abuse or neglect</li> <li>Poor / inappropriate</li> <li>information sharing amongst partners.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Vulnerable people not protected from abuse or neglect.</li> <li>Serious injury or death of a vulnerable adult</li> <li>Significant reputational damage for the council</li> </ul>	Stephen Chandler	Melanie Pierce	5 3		<ul> <li>'a. Oxfordshire Safeguarding Adults Board oversees and scrutinises the safeguarding of vulnerable adults across all partners in Oxfordshire</li> <li>b. The act brought in the principles of 'Making Safeguarding Personal'. Oxfordshire is recognised as doing this well. Part of the principle is that people own their own risks - so it can never be completely mitigated away.</li> <li>c. Centralised Safeguarding Team which leads on incoming safeguarding concerns and the completion of all subsequent safeguarding activity.</li> <li>d. Clear statement of the minimum standards expected of care providers (from the County Council, the Care Quality Commission and the Oxfordshire Association of Care Providers)</li> <li>e. Monitoring of providers by the Council's Quality and Contracts Team. This includes performance information (complaints, safeguarding referrals, etc.), contract monitoring meetings, and quality monitoring visits and gathering feedback. These are measured against ten quality standards and an internal traffic light system.</li> <li>f. Working closely with the Care Quality Commission to identify and share issues to ensure they are dealt with appropriately. The Care Governance Group which is led by the council includes both the safeguarding lead for the Council and the Care Quality Commission</li> <li>g. Publicise and provide clear communication on the ways in which a person can raise a safeguarding concern.</li> <li>h. Daily, weekly, monthly performance reports in place on the activity in the safeguarding team. Quarterly performance report to the Performance Subgroup of the board on wider partnership issues.</li> <li>i. Cross partnership training plan in place</li> </ul>			Number of concerns are increasing following a small decrease during April 2020. Consultation service is continuing to provide support and has resulted in 1530 calls to the service. However, received 5,116 concerns and 1,296 enquiries last year which does put pressure on a small team. Timings of dealing with concerns and enquiries are monitored daily. The quality of providers in Oxfordshire is higher than elsewhere as evidence by the CQC ratings. Multi agency meetings in place to ensure appropriate sharing of information; regular audits of case work in place. No additional actions required but we will respond to any issues raised in the on-going monitoring	$\leftrightarrow$
	services aren't help people remain independe nt and healthy for	people requiring care increase and numbers of people providing informal care do not rise as quickly as demand. Health Services face reduced funding which puts further	More people present with higher social care needs, reflecting not just the growth in needs in the population, but also the change in informal care, which will not rise as quickl as demand. People with needs, who did not come forward for care previously, now start to come forward with greater public awareness of social care. Those people who do come forward, have higher levels of need. People moving to social care funded services as health services also face reduced funding.		Rachel Pirie	4 4	16	<ul> <li>a The service has an agreed model for predicting demographic pressure and this is funded by the Council.</li> <li>b investment in services to reduce demand (e.g. reablement)</li> <li>c Pooled budget with health which allows whole system investment</li> <li>d referrals into teams in 20-21 for the first 6 months of the year has increased by 21% compared to the same time last year, but the people we support in long term care is 1% lower than the same time last year</li> <li>d Medium- and long-term impact from Covid not known.</li> </ul>	4 3	12	Risk at target level but a permanent risk due to demographic pressures. These are being managed well in Oxfordshire as evidenced by iMPOWER rating the productivity of older people's service as 5th highest in the country. High use of equipment - 28% more likely to have received equipment. Main issue in managing demand remains the performance of the reablement pathway (subject of a separate risk) which is monitored monthly with action plan in place. A system plan is in place to deliver a new reablement approach in 2021, this is being piloted and showing success in reducing long term care needs. ASC transformation and Making it Happen approach have begun, in partnership with the voluntary sector.	

n of rel	Comments	Last Updated
	Risk reviewed - Comments updated	15/12/2020
•	Risk reviewed - No changes	15/12/2020

## Forecast outturn 2020/21 at November 2020

## Introduction

This Annex sets out the latest financial monitoring position as at 30 November 2020. The forecast includes the financial impact of COVID-19 for 2020/21 including the latest estimate for additional and exceptional expenditure and income losses which together totals £52.3m. The report reflects the new organisational structure which came into effect on 1 December 2020.

The Revised Budget for 2020/21 agreed by Council on 8 September 2020 included virements to create budgets within services in relation to COVID-19 costs incurred to the end of July. On 15 December 2020 Cabinet agreed a further virement from the COVID-19 budget of £2.7m to the services for the period August to October 2020. This virement will be included in the next report. It is expected that these costs will increase as the year progresses and that further income losses materialise. The COVID-19 Budget for costs and income losses is a one-off budget and will be used to fund these pressures. Whilst these costs are still expected to be incurred, the profile and timing may mean that some costs may fall into a different financial year. Furthermore, the financial impact of Covid-19 will not end on 31 March 2021, and additional costs are expected in 2021/22 and across the medium term. This will need to be taken into consideration as part of the Budget & Business Planning process for 2021/22. Further virements to move budget from the COVID-19 budget to the services where costs have occurred, or income losses are realised will be requested in future reports.

The following additional information is provided to support the information in this Annex:

Annex C – 1 (a) to (f)	Outturn Summary and Directorate Detail
Annex C – 2a	Virement Summary
Annex C – 2b	COVID-19 forecast and virement request
Annex C – 2c	Virements to Note
Annex C – 3	Earmarked Reserves Forecast
Annex C – 4	General Balances
Annex C – 5a	Government Grants Summary
Annex C – 5b	COVID-19 Grant Detail

## **Children's Services**

A breakeven position is forecast by Children's Services against a budget of  $\pounds$ 132.4m. The directorate forecast outturn includes up to  $\pounds$ 7.3m of costs relating to COVID-19, of which  $\pounds$ 1.3m of actual costs have been funded to date.

An in year overspend of £11.5m is forecast for the High Needs DSG, against a budget of £57.9m, which will be carried forward against DSG balances and is being managed through the SEN Transformation Project.

Education and	Variation
Learning	A breakeven position is forecast for this service following the virements agreed by Council on 8 September 2020.
Budget £29.8m	
Variation breakeven	<u>Key Issues</u> As reflected within the performance report, demand for EHCPs remains high and has led to issues with timeliness
RAG rating	EHCPs remains high and has led to issues with timeliness so far this year. This is likely to require investment to address both any backlog and resolve timeliness issues
Amber	going forward. Existing directorate resources have beer targeted at this area. The impact of this will be kept under
Outcomes Achieved Yes	review and reported in the next budget cycle.
	Financial Impact of COVID-19
	To date additional funding of £0.3m has been allocated in relation to Covid-19 costs, with spend to date estimated at £0.1m. The forecast for this year is currently £0.3m. It is assumed that any shortfall in the budgets at present will be met from the Covid-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	Significant areas of spend to date are £0.088m for Laptops and Virtual Tuition for children and £0.021m for PPE in Early Years Settings.
	There is a risk that demand for Education, Health and Care Plans will increase now schools have returned which may increase workloads for Educational Psychologists and the Casework Team resulting in additional costs. It is assumed this pressure will be funded by Covid-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	In addition, lost income is forecast at £0.3m within Education and Learning as a result of the partial closure of schools. It is forecast that this will total £0.4m for the ful year. Most is anticipated to be funded through the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government's (MHCLG) income guarantee scheme, with £0.1m which cannot be claimed anticipated to be funded from the Covid- 19 budget for costs and income losses.
	On 11 August 2020 the Department for Education (DfE) announced the Local Transport Authority funding allocations, with the Council's allocation being £0.5m. In addition, a further £0.3m has now been announced for the spring term from January to March. This additional grant of £0.8m is to help with the additional costs of providing Home to School Transport in line with the COVID-19 guidance. If is currently anticipated that this funding will be spent during

	the period it applies to and that it will be sufficient to meet the additional costs incurred.
	Since the last report the DfE has opened a second tranche of the Coronavirus Schools Fund, and a new scheme to claim for exceptional supply teacher costs.
Children's Social Care	Variation A breakeven position is forecast for this service following the virements agreed by Council on 8 September 2020.
Budget £30.7m	
Variation breakeven	Key Issues At present there are no variances reported in this area.
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	Financial Impact of COVID-19 To date additional funding of £0.074m has been allocated in relation to Covid-19 costs, with spend to date estimated
Outcomes Achieved Yes	at £0.3m. The forecast for this year is currently up to £1.2m. It is assumed that any shortfall in the budgets at present will be met from the Covid-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	The main costs incurred to date relate to an increase in allowances to reflect universal credit increases ( $\pounds$ 0.032m) and costs relating to isolation for Unaccompanied Children on arrival ( $\pounds$ 0.156m).
	Additional spend on staff is now very likely following a significant increase in referrals and assessments following the period of lockdown and partial school closures. A significant proportion of this demand is also forecast to flow through to longer-term plans for children and families. On the basis of current trends, the cost in this year to meet this additional demand is forecast to be between £0.4m and £0.7m depending on the length of time additional resource is required. This will be linked to how long demand remains higher than capacity of the existing service and will be closely monitored.
Children's Social	Variation
Care Countywide Services	A breakeven position is forecast for this service. This is after the virement from the contingency budget of £3.3m agreed by Council on 8 September which balanced the budget.
Budget £65.9m	,
Variation breakeven	Key Issues The forecast here remains risky as packages for individual children can cost in excess of £0.2m per annum, and
RAG rating	therefore a small change in demand or children with
Green	significant support needs can have a significant impact on
Outcomes Achieved Yes	spend within this budget.

The demand seen in the referral and assessment service is
likely to result in increased demand in the placement budget
as some children enter care. Although some of this demand
may be experienced this financial year, it is likely that any
growth in demand for placements could be experienced
over at least one to two years.

#### Financial Impact of COVID-19

To date additional funding of £0.814m has been allocated in relation to COVID-19 costs, with spend to date estimated at £1.3m. The forecast for this year is currently that there is £1.5m committed but spend could be as high as £3.5m. It is assumed that any shortfall in the budgets at present will be met from the Covid-19 budget for costs and income losses. This demand hasn't yet arrived within the service, and therefore cost to date haven't risen as fast as originally anticipated. Demand is now high within the MASH and it is assumed that this will work through the social care system, resulting in increased demand for placements in the future. Work is currently underway to assess what this may be, but it is anticipated that some of this forecast will move in to 2021/22 financial year.

The main areas of spend to date have been in relation to support for families and young people. The costs breakdown in to  $\pounds 1m$  in relation to placements,  $\pounds 0.1m$  for costs incurred due to the effect of court delays and  $\pounds 0.1m$  in relation to staffing costs caused by the need for staff to isolate.

Children's Central Costs	Variation A breakeven position is forecast for this service following the virements agreed by Council on 8 September 2020.
Budget £5.6m	
	Key Issues
Variation breakeven	No variance is reported at this time.
	No valiance is reported at this time.
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	Financial Impact of COVID-19 No variance is reported due to COVID-19 at this time.
Outcomes Achieved Yes	

# **Dedicated School Grant**

High Needs	Variation The variation forecast is a forecast overspend of £11.5m.
Budget £57.9m	
Budget 257.911	Kaylaguag
Variation C14 Fm	Key Issues
Variation £11.5m (19.9%) overspend	The variance of £11.0m relates to the existing children and an expected growth in demand for Education, Health and Care Plans and support for the current year based on the
<b>RAG rating</b> Red	currently announced high needs dedicated schools grant funding. Significant diagnostic work will be undertaken to analyse the relationship between activity, increased
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	demand and spending pressures across the SEN funding system. Officers will work with Schools, Parents and othe stakeholders to develop proposals for the High Needs Bloc to move into line with its operating budget in the mediun term.
	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> There is a forecast cost of £0.5m due to the potential for costs to rise and loss of income due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This is a forecast for the risk of additional resources required for all SEN settings to maintain appropriate standards as schools reopen. These costs are unfunded and will increase the deficit on the High Needs budget.
Early Years	Variation £0.2m of Covid costs have been funded in the revised
Budget £38.8m	budget.
Variation breakeven	Key Issues The Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by betweer
RAG rating Red	£0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increased take-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower level SEN need in settings and a step change in the number of
Outcomes Achieved Yes	eligible 2 year olds. Options for managing the overspend from prior year DSG were discussed at Schools Forum in November, so this is reported as breakeven at this time.
	Financial Impact of COVID-19 A package of provider support of £1.3m was agreed in Apr 2020. Spend to date is estimated at £0.5m with a furthe £0.3m committed. The forecast for this year is currently £1.3m.
	The Covid costs relate to provider sustainability payments to early years settings to meet statutory need, including a forecast risk into the future. It also includes additiona opening (e.g. out of term-time), and key worker funding

where children have been placed away from their usual setting. It is assumed that any shortfall in the budgets at present will be met from the COVID-19 budget for costs and income losses.

## Adult Services

The service is currently highlighting a £1.2m underspend against a budget of £196.7m.

The forecast assumes the £1.2m underspend will be transferred to reserves to help meet pressures in 2021/22, resulting in a break-even position being reported.

The directorate forecast outturn includes  $\pm 7.7m$  of costs relating to COVID-19, an increase of  $\pm 0.1m$  from the previous month.

Better Care Fund Pool Budget £79.8m	A breakeven position is forecast for the pool which is being managed on an aligned basis following the agreement of the risk share arrangements for 2020/21. This includes £1.1m being transferred into reserves.			
Variation breakeven	Financial Impact of COVID-19			
RAG rating Green Outcomes Achieved	Included in the breakeven position is £4.2m of expenditure relating to costs arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. These include a 10% payment made to contracted care providers in April, May and June 2020.			
Yes	Because of a reduction in demand for care home placements £0.4m additional costs relating to the cost of voids within the council's block contract arrangements is included in the forecast. Work is continuing to monitor and review this and to take action to mitigate this where possible.			
	<u>Key Issues</u> Notification has been received from the Oxfordshire Clinical Commissioning Group (OCCG) on the level of Better Care Fund grant that will be passed onto the council in 2020/21. This has now been confirmed to be £25.0m, a £1.3m increase on what had featured within the previous forecasts.			
	This forms part of the £26.3m minimum social care contribution that Oxfordshire was confirmed by NHS England on 7 <sup>th</sup> December 2020. The remaining £1.3m will be retained by OCCG to fund interim beds as was agreed in 2019/20.			

The increase in funding has been allocated to the relevant				
areas within the pool, this has resulted in a £1.1m				
underspend being reported which also includes a reduction				
in client contributions highlighted this month. This				
underspend will be transferred into reserves for use in				
2021/22.				

The pool combines health and social care expenditure on care homes, activity relating to hospital avoidance and prevention and early support activities for older people and adults with physical disabilities.

Hospital Discharge Scheme 1 ran from 19 March to 31 August 2020. All patients who were discharged from hospital during that period and who have on-going care needs which have been funded by the Scheme since then will be moved to business as usual funding arrangements by 31 March 2021.

New arrangements for hospital discharges from 1 September 2020 onwards, which support the provision of care for a period of up to six weeks until on-going care needs have been agreed and are now in operation. The funding for Scheme 2 is intended to support service activity that has been put in place specifically to support hospital discharge that is additional to business as usual provision, including for people who would ordinarily be self – funders, so is more limited than for Scheme 1.

The underlying level of demand for care home placements has reduced in 2020/21, following a slight increase in previous months, activity reports are indicating a reduction in numbers during October and November. Any underspend within care homes is being offset by an increase in home support activity.

The forecast assumes that all the in-year savings agreed by Council in September will be achieved.

Adults with Care and	Variation
Support Needs Pool	A £0.2m underspend is being reported for the pool. This assumes a further £0.1m underspend will be moved into
Budget £98.4m	reserves. This increased underspend is linked to further COVID related costs being identified within the forecast.
Variation £0.2m	
underspend	Financial Impact of COVID-19
	Included in the forecast is <b>£2.1m</b> of expenditure relating to
RAG rating Green	costs arising from the COVID-19 pandemic.

Annex C	
Business Management Report November 2020	

Outcomes Achieved Yes	This is an increase of £0.1m from last month reflecting the voids costs associated with service providers not being placed whilst also paying for alternative care.
	These also include a 10% payment made to contracted social care providers in April, May and June 2020.
	Key Issues The pool supports a mix of health and social care needs for adults of working age with learning disabilities, acquired brain injury or mental health needs. So far, the COVID-19 pandemic has not increased demand in the pool, but this is continuing to be monitored.
	The 2020/21 health contribution to the pool is £17.6m. This should cover the cost of a learning disability block contract held with Oxford Health, health costs associated with acquired brain injury service users, the OCCG contribution to the cost of transactional processing and a contribution to the health element of Learning Disability personalisation costs. Under the risk share arrangements agreed for 2020/21 the council is responsible for any variation against budgets for learning disabilities within the pool.
	A further £0.3m increase in the cost of people with mental health needs falling outside the scope of the Outcome Based Contract with Oxford Health Foundation Trust is being included within the forecast. The total pressure is now £0.7m with the council responsible for £0.5m and OCCG £0.2m through the risk share arrangements. This increase is offset by a reduction in the cost of High Functioning Autism as a result of several package changes and one service user moving into the Better Care fund pooled budget.
	£0.3m net growth in expenditure covering the period until the end of the financial year is built into the forecast.
	The forecast assumes that all the in-year savings agreed by Council in September will be achieved.
	As part of the 2020/21 service and resource planning process £2.75m one-off funding was built into the budget to support pressures relating to Mental Health and Autism within Oxfordshire. Temporary funding arrangements put in place for NHS providers in response to the COVID-19 pandemic mean that some of this funding has not been needed and remains available to meet future pressures. £2.1m is requested to be moved into reserves for use in 2021/22.

Non-Pool Services	Variation
Budget £12.0m	A breakeven position is forecast for this service. No change from the previous month.
Variation breakeven	
<b>RAG rating</b> Amber <b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> Included in the breakeven position is <b>£1.4m</b> of expenditure relating to costs arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. These include additional staffing costs and a contribution to Homelessness costs in Oxford City.
	There is also a forecast loss of income of <b>£0.1m</b> due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
	Due to challenges related to staff recruitment we potentially have an underspend. We are reviewing our current position with staffing opportunities in the interim to meet the increased demand and activity this financial year.
	The forecast assumes that all the in-year savings agreed by Council in September will be achieved.
Commissioning	Variation
Budget £6.5m	A forecast overspend of £0.2m is being reported. This shows no change from the position reported last month.
Variation £0.2m overspend	Key Issues
<b>RAG rating</b> Green <b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	The forecast includes one – off agency costs of £0.1m, plus £0.1m of staffing vacancy targets that are not expected to be achieved. The financial implications linked to the rollout of the new commissioning staffing structure need to be analysed, and an update will be provided next month.
COVID-19 Specific Grant Funding and Expenditure	Infection Control Grant The first tranche of the Infection Control Grant of £7.3m (part of the £600m national total) was available to support providers with infection control measures from May to September 2020. This was required to be used to support adult social care providers to reduce the rate of COVID-19 transmission in and between care homes (75% of the grant

total) and to support wider workforce resilience measures (25% of the grant).

A second tranche of Infection Control Grant of £6.3m (part of £546m national total) has been allocated to the council to reduce the rate of COVID-19 transmission within and between care settings. The conditions specify that 60% the grant needs to be passed to care homes and a further 20% to domiciliary care providers. The remaining 20% of the grant will be passed to care providers and people in receipt of direct payments at the discretion of the council in line with the relevant guidelines.

The council has received the first half of the grant, with the remainder expected to be available in December if the criteria have all been met. The funding is required to be fully spent by care providers by 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021. Each provider is required to report on the use of the grant monthly from November onwards.

As at 30 November, £1.9m was passed to care homes and £0.7m to domiciliary care providers to provide financial support with infection control measures.

## Public Health

A forecast breakeven position after the assumed use of the grant to fund Public Health eligible spend.

Variation Breakeven against £31.2m ringfenced grant	Variation A breakeven position is forecast for this service. Financial Impact of COVID-19
<b>RAG rating</b> Green <b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	There has been no increase in costs arising from the COVID-19 pandemic or loss of income due to the COVID-19 pandemic but there have been one-off savings due to reductions in service provision in line with national directives.
	The forecast breakeven position is after taking account of £1.7m reductions in planned spend. This includes a £1.4m reduction in spend due to reduced activity in sexual health services due to COVID-19 together with expediting a move to home testing previously scheduled for 2021/22, this is a £0.2m reduction from last month, plus a further £0.4m reduction in spend on NHS health checks due to a mandated ceasing of the face to face service during the pandemic. There is also a £0.2m underspend relating to staff vacancies at the start of the year.

Offsetting these savings are cost pressures of **£0.1m** in residential rehabilitation for drug and alcohol users due to increased demand, a decrease of £0.1m from the last report and **£0.2m** cost pressure related to additional requirement under the grant to fund NHS pay inflation in contracts.

Work is progressing to agree  $\pounds$ 1.1m of spend elsewhere in the council that contributes to Public Health outcomes and is eligible to be funded by the grant in 2020/21.

The balance of the reported underspend will be transferred to the Public Health reserve.

#### COVID-19 Specific Grant Funding and Expenditure

#### Test and Trace Service Support Grant (£2.8m)

The council have received a £2.9m Test and Trace Service Support Grant to support the mitigation against and management of local outbreaks of COVID-19. To date there have been £1.5m of commitments recorded against this allocation, it is anticipated that the grant will be fully spent by year end.

#### Contain Outbreak Management Fund

On 6 November the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) notified the Council that its allocation of this grant was £5.5m based on the England entering National restrictions on 5 November 2020. This grant is to help local authorities put inplace proactive containment and intervention measures. Work is continuing on how this grant will be allocated. Updates will be included in future reports.

## Environment & Place

A breakeven position has been forecast when compared to a budget of £63.4m. Following a small reorganisation, the Communities directorate has been replaced with Environment & Place. As part of this, Community Safety (£23.9m) has been transferred to the Commercial Development, Asset and Investments directorate.

Planning & Place	Change from previous report
Budget £4.9m	There is no change to the breakeven position previously reported.
Variation £0.0m (0.0%) breakeven RAG rating Green Outcomes Achieved Yes	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> There is also a forecast loss of income of £0.1m of S38 income due to the COVID-19 pandemic. It is anticipated that most of the unachieved income will be recovered through the Sales, Fees and Charges Income Guarantee Scheme funded by MHCLG. The remaining pressure will be funded by the COVID-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	<u>Key Issues</u> The breakeven financial position includes a shortfall on the Travel Planning team income target of £0.3m. In 2020/21 this is mitigated by additional Road Agreement income, however there could be a future impact next year. There is also a risk of increased costs due to planning appeals against highways objections raised by the Council This could amount of £350k across 2020/21 and 2021/22 depending on the appeal process outcomes.
Growth & Economy Budget £0.1m	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to the breakeven position previously reported.
Variation £0.0m (0.0%) breakeven RAG rating Green Outcomes Achieved Yes	Key Issues There is an on-going risk of a revenue pressure resulting from any reduction in the planned capitalisation of salaries across Planning & Growth and/or adopting new charge- out rates that do not accommodate service overheads.
Communities Management	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to the financial position previously reported.
Budget £0.4m Variation £0.0m (0.0%) breakeven RAG rating	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> Included in the breakeven position is £0.1m of COVID-19 related expenditure covering Communities Directorate. This primarily relates to costs associated with re-opening the Household Waste Recycling Centres.

Green <b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	Key Issues None to be reported
Community Operations	Change from previous report There is no change to the financial position previously reported.
Budget £57.9m	
Variation £0.0m (0.0%) breakeven RAG rating	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> There is a forecast loss of income of £3.0m of income due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This relates to parking and permit income (£1.9m), Supported Transport (£0.9m) and Waste Management (£0.2m). It is anticipated that most of
Green Outcomes Achieved Yes	the unachieved income will be recovered through the Sales, Fees and Charges Income Guarantee Scheme funded by MHCLG. The remaining £0.8m pressure will be funded by the COVID-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	Key Issues The forecast for Waste Management remains the same as the previous month, however waste growth now seems to be fluctuating at between 7% - 11%, when compared to last year. If growth continues at these levels it could adversely impact on future years' budgets.
	The current Highway Defects forecast exceeds the budget by £0.4m but the pressure will be managed in service by reducing spends elsewhere. Defects and Winter management will remain a risk until year end.
	The recovery phase for Home to School Transport is largely complete and although there is a risk that social distancing restrictions may be reintroduced later in the financial year, the current forecast complies with Government Guidelines, which results in a largely Business As Usual return. Although there are still no firm figures on student growth from the start of the academic year, initial indications are that the growth assumed in the budget sufficient. The cost of additional transport needed for a limited number of larger schools requiring an increase in routes to satisfy current social distancing rules, will be funded through the a Local Transport Authority grant as set out above within Education and Learning.

# Customers, Organisational Development & Resources

**£0.3m** (1.1%) forecast overspend compared to a budget of £27.0m, no change to the financial position previously reported. The forecast includes the transfer in of the Finance team (£6.5m) from Commercial Development, Assets and Investments directorate following the restructure.

Corporate Services	Change from previous report
	There is no change to the financial position previously
Budget £2.0m	reported.
Variation £0.0m (0%)	
breakeven	Financial Impact of COVID-19
	Included in the breakeven position is £0.2m of COVID-19
RAG rating	related expenditure covering COD Directorate. This
Green	includes staff costs for extending the Customer Service
Outcomes Achieved	Centre operating hours, additional ICT needs to support home working, Occupational Health Assessments for non-
Yes	school staff returning to work and Health & Safety costs for
	re-opening Libraries.
	Key Issues
	None to be reported
Human Resources &	Change from previous report
Organisational	There is no change to the financial position previously
Development	reported.
Budget £2.4m	Key Issues
Variation £0.0m	None to be reported
(0.0%) breakeven	None to be reported
RAG rating	
Green	
Outcomes Achieved	
Yes	
Communications,	Change from previous report
Strategy & Insight	The forecast underspend is £0.3m. The variation has come about predominantly through staff vacancies, and the fact
Budget £2.5m	that we have been unable to recruit to positions during
	lockdown.
Variation £0.3m	
(13.1%) underspend	Financial Impact of COVID-19
	No changes, there is still a forecast loss of income of
RAG rating - Green	£0.02m due to the COVID-19 pandemic, relating to lack of
	provision of data assessment services. It is expected that
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b>	most of the achieved income will be recovered from the Sales, Fees and Charges Income Guarantee scheme and
	שמוכס, ד פפס מות טומועבס ווונטוווב טעמומוונכב סנווכווול מוע

Yes

any remaining pressure will be funded by Corporate Contingency

Key Issues None to be reported.

## COVID-19 Specific Grant Funding and Expenditure

#### Food and Essential Supplies (Covid-19) Grant

A national £63m emergency scheme to support people who are struggling to afford food and other essentials due to COVID-19 was announced by government in June 2020. Details on the local allocation of £0.5m along with guidance on the purpose and use of the fund was published in July 2020. Guidance set out that government anticipated the funds would be utilised within 12 weeks.

The funding allocations have been made to upper tier authorities, but councils are expected to collaborate with partners to make most effective use of the funding in the interest of residents.

The Joint District Community Hub Working Group coordinates the Oxfordshire system's community engagement and support activity in relation to COVID-19 and this group was consulted to agree the approach to allocating the funding.

The majority of the funding was passed to the City and District Councils based on a formula that replicated the national allocation. Three County wide schemes also received funding.

#### **COVID Winter Grant Scheme**

On 8 November 2020 the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) announced £170m COVID Winter Grant scheme to support children, families and the most vulnerable over the winter months. The Council's allocation is £1.3m and the funding should be used over the period of early December 2020 to 31 March 2021. The Council has worked with partners to agree the best route to distributing the funding to those who need it. It is expected that 50% of the funding will be received in early December with further funding released subject to an assessment of spend to date by the DWP. An update will be included in future reports.

#### Funding to support Clinically Extremely Vulnerable

On 2 November 2020 the DHSC notified the Council that it will receive £0.3m to support people on the Government's clinically extremely vulnerable list during the 4 week period

	of National restrictions. This is based on £14.60 per person on the shielding list. The Council will work with partners to utilise the funding effectively.
ICT & Digital	Change from previous report There is no change to the financial position previously
Budget £9.8m	reported.
Variation £0.0m (0.0%) breakeven	<u>Key Issues</u> The IT and Digital service continues to work to meet its in- year savings targets and delivery against the agreed IT
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	strategy, recognising that some projects have been delayed due to the COVID pandemic and that the service is currently responding to increased demand.
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	
Culture & Customer Experience	<u>Change from previous report</u> The forecast overspend has reduced by £0.2m to £0.1m The forecast includes the cost of re-opening the libraries.
Budget £10.5m	
Variation £0.1m	Financial Impact of COVID-19 Included in the above position is £2.5m of COVID-19
(0.5%) overspend	expenditure. These include the setting up, hibernation and decommissioning costs of the Temporary Place of Res
<b>RAG rating</b> Amber	facility.
Outcomes Achieved No	There is also a forecast loss of income of £1.6m of income due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This relates to closure of public libraries (£0.2m), cessation of music lessons (£0.6m and cessation of all ceremonies and other Registration services (£0.8m). The majority of the unachieved income will be recovered through the Sales, Fees and Charges Income Guarantee Scheme funded by MHCLG. The remaining £0.4m pressure will be funded by the COVID-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	Key Issues The introduction of the latest National Restrictions from 5 November until 2 December 2020 have again impacted upon the Registration, Library and Music Service. These services have a reduced service offer and this is likely to see a second drop in expected income due to COVID-19 restrictions.
Finance	Change from previous report There is no change to that reported in the previous financia
Budget £6.5m	report.

Variation£0.0(0.0%) breakeven	m Included in the breakeven position is expenditure of £1.3m relating to the costs of PPE purchased in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. This central stock was for use across
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	the Council to ensure all that all front-line workers met COVID-19 regulations.
<b>Outcomes Achieve</b> Yes	d <u>Key Issues</u> None to be reported

## **Commercial Development. Assets & Investment**

An underspend of **£1.4m** (2.8%) is forecast against the budget of £49.6m. The budget has increased by £17.5m when compared to the previous period. This is due to the transfer in of Community Safety team (£23.9m) from Communities directorate and a transfer out of the Finance team (£6.5m) to Customer, Organisational Development & Resources directorate following the restructure.

Property &	Change from previous report
<b>Community Facilities</b>	There is no change to that reported in the previous financial
Management	report.
Management	Tepon.
Budget £17.4m	Financial Impact of COVID-19
	There is an underlying loss of income of £1.0m forecast due
Variation C1 Em (80/)	, ,
<b>Variation</b> -£1.5m (8%)	to the COVID-19 pandemic. This includes the loss of
underspend	income on purchased meals across the Summer term and
	into the Autumn. The majority of the unachieved income will
RAG rating	be recovered through the Sales, Fees and Charges Income
Amber	Guarantee Scheme funded by MHCLG. The remaining
7 (1160)	£0.1m pressure will be funded by the COVID-19 budget for
Outcomes Achieved	costs and income losses.
Yes	
	Key Issues
	None to be reported.

Law & Governance and Procurement	Change from previous report There is no change to that reported in the previous financial report.
Budget £7.9m	
Variation£0.2m(2.5%) overspend	Key Issues Several legal cases requiring Counsel advice are at risk of leading to an overspend on this budget by the year end.
<b>RAG rating</b> Amber <b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	The Provision Cycle transformation is cross-directorate and the implementation of Hub and spokes will be subject to timing differences. Depending on the outcome of the Hub consultation and the timing of appointment to posts this is

likely to result in an in-year pressure, This will be reported more fully next month.

Community Safety	Change from previous report There is no change to the financial position previously
Budget £24.0m	reported.
Variation £0.1m (0.4%) underspend	Financial Impact of COVID-19
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	Funded costs currently include equipment costs and secondments to Ambulance services. Costs of Firefighter cover remain under review, as a recent spike, if it continues
Outcomes Achieved Yes	could further increase the overall predicted service COVID- 19 related costs.

Key Issues None to be reported

## **Corporate Measures**

General Balances RAG rating Green	As set out in the table on Annex C -4 the current forecast for general balances at 31 March 2021 is <b>£30.5m</b> , compared to the position at 1 April 2020 of <b>£28.7m</b> . This position assumes that forecast Directorate underspend of £1.1m and the Strategic Measures underspend of £0.7m are returned to balances.
Reserves	On the 31 March 2020 Earmarked Reserves totalled £102.9m. As set out in Annex 3 reserves are forecast to be <b>£84.1m</b> at 31 March 2021 an increase of
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	£1.1m from last month. The change reflects a reduction in the contribution of $\pounds 0.1m$ to the Public Health Reserve and a $\pounds 1.2m$ contribution to the Budget Prioritisation Reserve which has been earmarked to offset Adult Social Care pressures in 2021/22.
	This position is after a transfer of £6.0m to a new Council Tax Collection Fund Reserve, agreed by Council in September 2020, to meet the expected shortfall on the Council Tax Collection Fund in 2021/22 arising from a lower than expected collection rate in 2020/21 as a result of an increase in eligibility for the Council Tax Reduction Scheme.
	The position also includes a £22.3m deficit on the High Needs DSG grant reserve which reflects the forecast overspend of £11.5m during 2020/21. This is forecast to be carried forward to future years via earmarked reserves in accordance with recent clarification and guidance from DfE.

Green

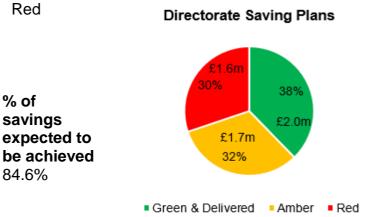
**RAG** rating

GrantsAs set out in Annex C-5a government grants totalling £406.3m will be<br/>received by the Council during 2020/21. This is an increase of £6.7m since<br/>the position reported last month.

The grant funding that is being managed within the directorates and the associated spend against the funding is set out in the paragraphs above. A summary of this funding and how it has been allocated is set out in Annex C-5b. The main changes this month relate to updates to grants received that are passported to schools including the Teacher Pension Grant, Coronavirus Catch up Grant and Pupil Premium Grants.

MediumThe 2020/21 budget agreed by Council in February 2020, included plannedTermsavings of £21.7m of which £16.4m relates to Corporate saving plans andFinancial£5.3m relates to Directorate saving plans. Overall, 84.6% of these savingsPlanhave been delivered or are forecast to be delivered by year end compared to<br/>the target of 95% set out in the budget agreed by Council in February 2020.

 $\pm$ 16.4m, 100%, of Corporate Savings Plans have been or are forecast to be delivered by year end.



£2.0m, 38%, of Directorate savings plans have been or are forecast to be delivered by year end.

£1.7m, 32%, are assessed as amber and are at risk of not being delivered in full year.

A further £1.6m, 30% are assessed as red and are not expected to be delivered in year. The majority of these savings relate to income generation which has been

affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

The budget pressures arising from the non-delivery of savings form part of the Directorate positions reported above.

£4.0m service redesign savings due to be achieved in 2020/21 were temporarily funded as part of the Revised Budget agreed by Council on 8 September 2020 . Permanent savings proposals will be included in the 2021/22 Budget and Business Planning process.

The Revised Budget included additional one off savings proposals in 2020/21 of £14.9m. A significant proportion of the savings have already been delivered as a result of reduced activity up to 31 July 2020 as the Council put in place measures to comply with the Coronavirus Act, Health Protection Regulations and government guidance to manage the impact of the COVID- 19 pandemic. It is expected that 100% of the in year savings will be achieved by year end.

StrategicThe table in Annex C - 4 sets out average in-house cash balances and<br/>average rates of return for November 2020. The current forecast outturn<br/>position for in house interest receivable is £3.2m, which is £0.7m above<br/>budget. This was achieved by increasing the long term lending limit and<br/>arranging longer term loans which attract a higher rate of interest.

External Fund dividends are paid quarterly. The forecast outturn position for external fund returns is **£3.1m**, which is a breakeven position. This is £0.8m below the original budget which was reduced as part of the Revised 2020/21 Budget to reflect the impact of COVID-19 on the performance of the external funds.

Interest Payable is forecast to be in line with the budgeted figure of **£15.0m**.

On 8 September 2020 Council agreed to transfer £3.3m from the Corporate Contingency to support increased costs on the placement budget within Children's Social Care. In addition, £1.1m has been vired to services to fund the Green Book and Hay pay awards from April 2020 which were agreed at 2.75% in November 2020, 0.75% higher than the budgeted amount of 2%. The unallocated balance of the Corporate Contingency is £0.4m.

On 15 December 2020, Cabinet approved the virement which covers the COVID-19expenditure for the period up to the end of October 2020 and the grant income budgets for tranches 3 and 4 of the COVID-19 support grant and the first claim of the Sales, Fees and Charges Compensation Scheme. Income losses not covered by the Compensation scheme totalling £1.6m will also be covered by this budget. The total financial impact of COVID-19 continues to be forecast at £52.3m in 2020/21. If this remains unchanged, after taking account of additional funding, by the year end the COVID-19 Budget will be utilised in full. If there is insufficient funding in the COVID-19 Budget to meet costs or lost income, this will need to be met from general balances.

The current forecast of additional costs and lost income relating to COVID-19 for the financial year could change and we continue to revisit assumptions and implications on a monthly basis.

As set out in the Corporate Debtors section below there is likely to be an increase in the debt impairment at the end of the year. This would need to be funded by Corporate Contingency or General Balances.

Debt and	COVID-19 impact: Customer debt attributed to COVID-19 has risen from
Loan Write	£0.6m to £0.7m; this mix of developer contributions and rents. The increase
Offs &	this month is linked to rental income. Issues collecting income from
Impairments	individuals linked to financial hardship is not yet evident, but with formal
	legal proceedings recommencing in November 2020, more cases may come
Corporate	to light.
Debtors	-

RAG rating

Business Mana	gement Report November 2020
Amber	The average collection rate has rebounded this month up to 93% and as with last month the collection rate for invoices greater than £10,000 in value is higher at 97%.
	Debt requiring impairment (DRI) dropped by £0.25m this month, this is a consecutive drop, down to £0.72m from £1.08m in September. The DRI level is still above target by £0.2m, however with further arrears expected to be resolved within the next month it is forecast to reduce before year end to be in line with the level of impairment currently accounted for on the balance sheet.
	Performance Indicators for this area are set out in Annex C-4.
Debt and Loan Write Offs & Impairments – Adult	The invoice collection rate continues to be stable at just under 91%; just below the target and work is continuing to improve up to the target of 92%. The Days Revenue outstanding figure has decreased again this month, however, the over 1year debt has increased so it is the under 1 year where collection rate drops are being seen.
Contribution to Care Charges RAG rating Red	Debt requiring impairment (DRI) is up this month and is now £0.185m above the balance held. The ASC Income team continue to work through a detailed action plan linked to reducing the level of bad debt by year end. Bad debt levels this year are tracking those of last year and it is expected that there will be a reduction in February and March 2020 bringing the DRI down to £2.8m.
	As with last month there continue to be issues impacting debt collection, they include:; additional work linked to C19 impacts; working through cases held back whilst a "hold" was placed on legal action. External delays with Court of Protection, Probate office and HMCTS also persist.

Annex C

Performance Indicators for this area are set out in Annex C-4.

#### **Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of November 2020** Budget Monitoring

	Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend-	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	-
Directorate	£000	£000	overspend+ £000	%	£000	£000	Green on track
Children's Services	132,371	132,371	0	0.0%	0	0	G
Adults Services	196,671	196,671	0	0.0%	0	0	G
Public Health	0	0	0		0	700	
Environment and Place	63,407	63,407	0	0.0%	-94	0	G
Customers, Organisational Development and Resources	33,582	33,882	300	0.9%	300	0	G
Commerical Development, Assets and Investments	49,584	48,190	-1,394	-2.8%	-1,300	0	R
Directorate Total Net	475,615	474,521	-1,094	-0.2%	-1,094	700	G

#### **Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of November 2020** Budget Monitoring

	Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend-	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1%
Directorate	£000	£000	overspend+ £000	%	£000	£000	Green on track
Contributions to (+)/from (-)reserves	-3,773	-3,773	0	0.0%		0	
Contribution to (+)/from(-) balances	4,591	6,385	1,794	39.1%	1,594	200	
Public Health Saving Recharge	-1,571	-1,571	0	0.0%		0	
Transformation Savings	0	0	0	0.0%		0	
Contingency	394	394	0	0.0%		0	
COVID-19 Contingency	18,267	18,267	0	0.0%		0	
Insurance	2,942	2,942	0	0.0%		0	
Capital Financing	24,077	24,077	0	0.0%		0	
Interest on Balances	-9,649	-10,149	-700	-7.3%	-500	-200	
Strategic Measures Budget	35,278	36,572	1,094	3.1%	1,094	0	
Unringfenced Government Grants	-35,188	-35,188	0	0.0%		0	
Council Tax Surpluses	-8,589	-8 <i>,</i> 589	0	0.0%		0	
Business Rates Top-Up	-40,546	-40,546	0	0.0%		0	
Business Rates From District Councils	-35,125	-35,125	0	0.0%		0	
Council Tax Requirement	391,445	391,645	0	0.0%	0	700	

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend- overspend+	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1% Green on track
		£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000	
CEF1	Education & Learning	29,823	29,823	0	0.0%	0		0 <mark>G</mark>
CEF2	Children's Social Care	30,709	30,709	0	0.0%	0		0 <mark>G</mark>
CEF3	Children's Social Care Countywide	65,871	65,871	0	0.0%	0		0 <mark>G</mark>
CEF4	Schools	404	404	0	0.0%	0		0 G
CEF5	Children's Services Central Costs	5,564	5,564	0	0.0%	0		0 G
	Directorate Total	132,371	132,371	0	0.0%	0		0 G

## Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of November 2020 Budget Monitoring - Adult Services

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend- overspend+	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Yea End Traffic Light Red > 1% Green on tracl
		£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000	
		70.040	70.040		0.00/			
SCS1-1A	Better CarePool	79,819	79,819	0	0.0%	0		0 G
SCS1-1B	Adults with Care and Support Needs Pool	98,362	98,162	-200	-0.2%	-200		0 <b>G</b>
SCS1-2 to SCS1-9	Other Adult Social Care	11,953	11,953	0	0.0%	0		0 G
	Subtotal Adult Social Care	190,134	189,934	-200	-0.1%	-200		0 <mark>G</mark>
SCS2	Commissioning	6,537	6,737	200	3.1%	200		0 R
	Directorate Total	196,671	196,671	0	0.0%	0		0 G

## Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of November 2020 Budget Monitoring - Public Health

		Net Budget	Outturn	Total	Total	Variance	Change in	Projected Year
		(Latest	Forecast	Projected	Projected	Last Month	Variance	End Traffic
		Estimate)	Year End	Year End	Year End			Light
		£000	£000	Variance underspend- overspend+ £000	Variance %	£000	£000	Red > 1% Green on track
PH1& 2	Public Health Functions	30,607	30,007	-600	-2.0%	0	10	0 R
PH3	Public Health Recharges	633	633	0	0.0%	0		0 G
PH4	Grant Income	-31,240	-31,240	0	0.0%	0		0 G
	Transfer to Public Health Reserve	0	600	600	0.0%	0	60	0 <mark>         G                           </mark>
	Directorate Total	0	0	0	0.0%	0	70	0

## Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of November 2020 Budget Monitoring - Environment and Place

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend-	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1%
		£000	£000	overspend+ £000	%	£000	£000	Green on track
PG1	Planning & Growth Management	0	0	0	0.0%	0		0 G
PG2	Planning & Place	4,927	4,927	0	0.0%	0		0 G
PG3	Growth & Economy	93	93	0	0.0%	0		0 G
COM1	Communities Management	438	438	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
COM2	Community Operations	57,949	57,949	0	0.0%	0		0 G
	Directorate Total	63,407	63,407	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>

## Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of November 2020 Budget Monitoring - Customers, Organisational Development and Resources

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend- overspend+	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1% Green on track
		£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000	
COD1	Corporate Services	1,965	1,965	0	0.0%	0		0 G
COD2	Human Resources & Organisational Development	2,393	2,393	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
COD3	Communications, Strategy & Insight	2,491	2,491	0	0.0%	0		0 G
COD4	ICT & Digital	9,787	9,787	0	0.0%	0		0 <mark>G</mark>
COD5	Culture & Customer Experience	10,496	10,796	300	2.9%	300		0 R
COD6	Finance	6,450	6,450	0	0.0%	0		0 G
	Directorate Total	33,582	33,882	300	0.9%	300		0 G

## Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of November 2020 Budget Monitoring - Commercial Development, Assets & Investments

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend- overspend+	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1% Green on track
		£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000	
CDAI1	Property, Investment & Facilities Management	17,383	15,883	-1,500	-8.6%	-1,500		0 R
CDAI2	Law & Governance	7,938	8,138	200	2.5%	200		0 R
CDAI3	Community Safety	23,999	23,905	-94	-0.4%	-94		0 G
CDAI4	CDAI Management Costs	264	264	0	0.0%	0		0 <mark>— G</mark>
	Directorate Total	49,584	48,190	-1,394	-2.8%	-1,394		0 G

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report: Children's Services Position to the end of November 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		E Original Budget	BUDGET 2020/21 Movement to Date	Latest Estimate
		£000	£000	£000
CEF1	Education & Learning			
-	Gross Expenditure	92,408	-2,033	90.375
	Gross Income	-61,899	1,347	
		30,509	-686	
CEF2	Children's Social Care			Latest Estimate £000 90,375 -60,552 29,823 32,950 -2,241 30,709 70,641 -4,770 65,871 196,337 -195,933 404 6,083 -519 5,564 396,386 -264,015 132,371 117,065 57,939 38,753 4,126
	Gross Expenditure	36,328	-3,378	32,95(
	Gross Income	-3,260	1,019	
		33,068	-2,359	30,709
CEF3	Children's Social Care Countywide Services			
	Gross Expenditure	65,463	5,178	70,642
	Gross Income	-4,245	-525	-4,770
		61,218	4,653	65,872
CEF4	Schools		,	,
	Gross Expenditure	190,476	5,861	196,33
	Gross Income	-190,260	-5,673	-195,933
		216	188	Estimate
CEF5	Children's Services Central Costs			-4,770 65,871 196,337 -195,933 404 6,083
	Gross Expenditure	6,182	-99	6,083
	Gross Income	-519	0	-519
		5,663	-99	5,564
	Expenditure Total	390,857	5,529	396.380
	Income Total	-260,183	-3,832	
	Total Children's Services Net Budget	130,674	1,697	
		,-	,	- ,-
MEMORA	NDUM: DEDICATED SCHOOLS GRANT - DSG Funded Expenditure (Gross)			
	Schools DSG	121,258	-4,193	
	High Needs DSG	52,798	5,141	
	Early Years DSG	37,375	1,378	
	Central DSG	4,118	8	
	Total Gross	215,549	2,334	217,883

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report: Adult Services Position to the end of November 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		BU	JDGET 2020/21	L
		Original Budget	Movement to Date	Latest Estimate
		£000	£000	£000
SCS1	Adult Social Care			
SCS1-1A	Better Care Fund Pool Contribution			
	Gross Expenditure.	79,720	99	79,819
	Gross Income.	0	0	C
		79,720	99	79,819
SCS1-1B	Adults with Care and Support Needs Pool Contribution			
	Gross Expenditure.	95,358	3,004	98,362
	Gross Income.	-2	2	C
		95,356	3,006	98,362
SCS1-2 to SCS1-9	Other Adult Social Care Services			
	Gross Expenditure	32,914	12,468	45,382
	Gross Income	-19,582	-13,847	-33,429
		13,332	-1,379	11,953
	Total Adult Social Care	188,408	1,726	190,134
SCS2	Commissioning			
	Gross Expenditure	6,700	1,148	7,848
	Gross Income	-1,061	-250	-1,311
	Total Commissioning	5,639	898	6,537
	Expenditure Total	214,692	16,719	231,411
	Income Total	-20,645	-14,095	-34,740
	Total Adult Services Net Budget	194,047	2,624	196,671

## Business Management & Monitoring Report: Public Health Position to the end of November 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		В	BUDGET 2020/21			
		Original Budget	Movement to Date	Latest Estimate		
		£000	£000	£000		
PH 1 & 2	Public Health Functions					
	Gross Expenditure	29,317	1,518	30,835		
	Gross Income	-228	0	-228		
		29,089	1,518	30,607		
PH3	Public Health Recharges					
	Gross Expenditure	633	0	633		
	Gross Income	0	0	0		
		633	0	633		
PH4	Grant Income					
	Gross Expenditure	0	0	0		
	Gross Income	-29,722	-1,518	-31,240		
		-29,722	-1,518	-31,240		
	Expenditure Total	29,950	1,518	31,468		
	Income Total	-29,950	-1,518	-31,468		
	Total Public Health Net Budget	0	0	0		

## Business Management & Monitoring Report: Environment and Place Position to the end of November 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		BL	BUDGET 2020/21		
		Origin l Budget	Movement to Date	Latest Estimate	
		£000	£000	£000	
PG1	Planning & Growth Management				
	Gross Expenditure	0	0	0	
	Gross Income	0	0	0	
		0	0	0	
PG2	Planning & Place				
	Gross Expenditure	11,412	2,510	13,922	
	Gross Income	-6,198	-2,797	-8,995	
		5,214	-287	4,927	
PG3	Growth & Economy				
	Gross Expenditure	625	5	630	
	Gross Income	-537	0	-537	
		88	5	93	
COM1	Communities Management				
	Gross Expenditure	0	0	0	
	Gross Income	0	0	0	
		0	0	0	
COM2	Community Operations				
	Gross Expenditure	100,345	2 <i>,</i> 558	102,903	
	Gross Income	-41,386	-3 <i>,</i> 568	-44,954	
		58,959	-1,010	57,949	

Business Management & Monitoring Report: Environment and Place Position to the end of November 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

	BUDGET 2020/21		
	Origin l Budget	Movement to Date	Latest Estimate
	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure Total	112,382	5,511	117,893
Income Total	-48,121	-6,365	-54,486
Total Environment and Place Net Budget	64,261	-854	63,407

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report: Customers, Organisational Development & Resources Position to the end of November 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		В	BUDGET 2020/21		
		Original Budget	Movement to Date £000	Latest Estimate £000	
		£000			
CODR1	Corporate Services				
	Gross Expenditure	1,751	214	1,965	
	Gross Income	0	0	0	
		1,751	214	1,965	
CODR2	Human Resources & Organisational Development				
	Gross Expenditure	3,621	-58	3,563	
	Gross Income	-1,179	9	-1,170	
		2,442	-49	2,393	
CODR3	Communications, Strategy & Insight				
	Gross Expenditure	4,127	-39	4,088	
	Gross Income	-1,108	-489	-1,597	
		3,019	-528	2,491	
CODR4	ICT & Digital				
	Gross Expenditure	11,531	-701	10,830	
	Gross Income	-317	-726	-1,043	
		11,214	-1,427	9,787	
CODR5	Culture & Customer Experience				
	Gross Expenditure	16,570	1,642	18,212	
	Gross Income	-8,408	692	-7,716	
		8,162	2,334	10,496	
CODR6	Finance				
	Gross Expenditure	9,820	-695	9,125	
	Gross Income	-2,485	-190	-2,675	
		7,335	-885	6,450	
	Expenditure Total	47,420	363	47,783	
	Income Total	-13,497	-704	-14,201	
	Total Customers & Organisational Development and Resources Net Budget	33,923	-341	33,582	

### Business Management & Monitoring Report: Commercial Development, Assets & Investment Position to the end of November 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

			BUDGET 2020/21 Original Movement		
		Original Budget	to Date	Latest Estimate	
		£000	£000	£000	
CDAI1	Property, Investment & Facilities Management				
00/11	Gross Expenditure	30,532	-5,192	25,340	
	Gross Income	-11,058	3,101	-7,957	
	Total Property, Investment & Facilities Management	19,474	-2,091	17,383	
CDAI2	Law & Governance				
	Gross Expenditure	6,637	2,520	9,157	
	Gross Income	-797	-422	-1,219	
	Total Law & Governance	5,840	2,098	7,938	
CDAI3	Community Safety				
	Gross Expenditure	27,865	-1,039	26,826	
	Gross Income	-3,120	293	-2,827	
	Total Community Safety	24,745	-746	23,999	
CDAI4	Management Costs				
	Gross Expenditure	0	264	264	
	Gross Income	0	0	0	
	Total Mangement Costs	0	264	264	
	Expenditure Total	65,034	-3,447	61,587	
	Income Total	-14,975	2,972	-12,003	
	Total Commerical Development, Assets & Investment Net	50,059	-475	49,584	
	Budget				

### Business Management Report Position to the end of November 2020

### CABINET IS RECOMMENDED TO NOTE THE VIREMENTS AS DETAILED BELOW:

Directorate (CD = Cross Directorate)	Month of Cabinet meeting	Month of Directorate MMR	Narration	Budget Book Line	Service Area	Permanent / Temporary	Expenditure + increase / - decrease	Income - increase / + decrease
							£000	£000
CD	Jan	Nov	Pay inflation increment of 0.75% uplift for financial year 2020/21	CEF3-1	Corporate Parenting	Ρ	3	0
				CEFATV	Adoption Thames Valley	Р	9	-9
				VSMMGT	Strategic Measures	Р	-3	
			Pay inflation increment of 0.75% uplift for financial year 2020/21.	CEF3-1	Corporate Parenting	Р	8	0
				CEFATV	Adoption Thames Valley	Р	19	-19
				VSMMGT	Strategic Measures	Р	-8	
			Pay Award 2020 - Additional 0.75%	ACSNPOOL	Adults with Care and Support Needs Pool	Т	0	0
				BCFPOOL	Better Care Fund Pool	Т	34	-34
				CDAI1	Property & Investment	Т	72	0
				CDAI2	Law & Governance	Т	45	0
				CEF1-1	Management & Central Costs	Т	11	0
				CEF1-2	SEND	Т	21	0
				CEF1-3	Learning & School Improvement	Т	3	0
				CEF1-4	Access to Learning	Т	7	0
				CEF1-5	Learner Engagement	Т	2	0
				CEF2-1	Management & Central Costs	Т	36	0
				CEF2-2	Social Care	Т	156	0
				CEF3-1	Corporate Parenting	Т	62	0
				CEF3-2	Safeguarding	Т	25	0
				CEF3-3	Services for Disabled Children	T	21	0
				CEF3-4	Youth Offending Service	T	8	-
				CEF5-1	Management, Admin & Central Support	T	3	0
				COD1	Corporate Services	T	3	-
				COD2	Human Resources & Organisational De	1	18	0
				COD3	Communications, Strategy & Insight		25	0
				COD4	ICT & Digital		51	0
				COD5	Culture & Customer Experience	 	82	0
				COD6	Finance		27	0
				COM1 COM2-1	Communities Management Costs Community Operations Management	   <del> </del>	2	0
				COM2-1 COM2-2	Infrastructure Operations	<u>і</u> Т	82	0
				COM2-2 COM2-4	Commissioning	<u> </u>  т	6	0
				COM2-4 COM2-5	Integration & Improvement	т Тт	4	0
				COM2-5 COM4-2	Fire & Rescue	<u>'</u> Т	20	0
				COM4-2 COM4-3	Emergency Planning	<u>г</u>	20	0
				COM4-3 COM4-4	Gypsy & Traveller Services	<u>і</u>	1	0
				COM4-4 COM4-5	Trading Standards	т Т	12	0
				PG2	Planning & Place	т Т	66	0
				PG3	Growth & Economy	Гт	5	0
				SCS1-1A	Better Care Fund Pool Contribution	Т	34	0
				SCS1-1B	Adults with Care and Support Needs Po	Тт	0	0

### Business Management Report Position to the end of November 2020

CABINET IS RECOMMENDED TO NOTE THE VIREMENTS AS DETAILED BELOW:

Grand Tot	al						7,114	-7,114
				COM2-4	Commissioning	Т	20	0
COM	Jan	Nov	Temp Staff Adjustment	COM2-2	Infrastructure Operations	Т	-20	0
COD	Jan	Nov	Building Bridges (CILIP) Project	COD5	Culture & Customer Experience	Т	20	-20
			Additional funding for Youth Justice grant Nov-Mar	CEF3-4	Youth Offending Service	Т	7	-7
			Realignment of school grant allocation budgets	CEF4-1	Delegated Budgets	Р	7,167	-7,167
CS	Jan	Nov	Special School: Mabel Prichard academises on 1 Nov 2		Delegated Budgets	Р	-442	442
				VSMMGT	Strategic Measures	Т	300	0
			Meridian Recovery Audit	CDAI2	Law & Governance	Т	0	-300
				VSMMGT	Strategic Measures	Т	-1,121	0
				SCS2	Joint Commissioning	Т	51	0
				SCS1-9	Adult Social Care Staffing & Infrastructu	Т	100	0
				SCS1-3	Provider & Support Services	Т	31	0
				SCS1-2	Adult Protection & Mental Capacity	Т	23	0

### Business Management & Monitoring Report - November 2020

# Cabinet - 19 January 2021

Earmarked Reserves

Earmarked Reserves		2020/21				
	Balance at	Movement	Balance at	Last	Change in	Commentary
	1 April		31 March	reported	closing	
	2020		2021	forecast	balance to	
				as at 31	last	
				March	forecast	
				2021		
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Schools' Reserves	14,565	13	14,578	14,578	0	In accordance with the Education Reform Act 1988, the scheme of Local Management of Schools provides for the carry forward of individual schools surpluses and deficits. These reserves are committed to be spent on schools. Other School Reserves cover a number of miscellaneous education activities, including amounts loaned to individual schools against school reserves, and School Partnership Accounts.
Vehicle and Equipment Reserve	2,871	-871	2,000	2,000	0	This reserve is to fund future replacements of vehicles and equipment.
*Grants and Contributions Reserve	21,415	-31,861	-10,446	-10,346	-100	This reserve has been set up to hold unspent grants and contributions committed to be spent in future years. This includes the Dedicated Schools Grant and Public Health Grant
Government Initiatives	806	-605	201	201	0	This reserve is used to hold underspends on budgets funded by unringfenced grants held that relate to specific agreed outcomes or the implementation of Government initiatives.
Trading Accounts	542	-240	302	302	0	This reserve holds funds relating to traded activities to help manage investment.
Council Elections	531	218	749	749	0	This will be used to fund future elections. In years where no County Elections take place any underspend on the Council Elections budget will be transferred to this reserve.
Partnership Reserves	3,003	0	3,003	3,003	0	To be spent on OxLEP related project expenditure and the Growth Deal

### Business Management & Monitoring Report - November 2020

# Cabinet - 19 January 2021

Earmarked Reserves

Earmarked Reserves		2020/21				
	Balance at	Movement	Balance at	Last	Change in	Commentary
	1 April 2020		31 March 2021	reported forecast	closing balance to	
	2020		2021	as at 31	last	
				March	forecast	
				2021		
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
On Street Car Parking	2,010	0	2,010	2,010	0	This surplus has arisen under the operation of the Road
						Traffic Regulation Act 1984 (section 55). The purposes for
						which these monies can be used are defined by statute.
Transformation Reserve	3,134	-934	2,200	2,200	0	£1.0m allocated over 2019/20 and 2020/21 to provide
	-, -		,	,		seed funding for locality based youth provision
Demographic Risk Reserve	3,000	3,000	6,000	6,000	0	In light of the significant pressures relating to High Needs
						DSG and other budgets with demographic volatility. This reserve will help to manage demographic risk.
						reserve will help to manage demographic risk.
Youth Provision Reserve	1,000	-1,000	0	0	0	This reserve is needed to fund the implementation costs
	1,000	1,000	U	0	Ŭ	of the Council's Transformation programme.
Budget Prioritisation Reserve	3,444	1,841	5,285	4,085	1,200	This reserve is being used to support the implementation
						of the Council's proirities and the Medium Term Financial
						Plan.
Insurance Reserve	11,392	-1,000	11,392	11,392	0	This reserve covers the County Council for insurance
						claims that, based on the previous experience of the County Council, are likely to be received, as well as a
						number of insurance related issues.
Business Rates Reserve	1,049	0	1,049	1,049	0	This reserve is to smooth the volatility of Business Rates
Dusiness Rales Reserve	1,049	0	1,049	1,049	0	income.
Capital Reserves	33,554	1,685	35,239	35,239	0	This reserve has been established for the purpose of
						financing capital expenditure in future years.
Budget Equalisation Reserve	0	0	0	0	0	This reserve is being used to manage the cash flow
						implications of the variations to the Medium Term Financial Plan.
Investment Pump Priming Reserve	0	2,000	2,000	2,000	0	
			-			
Council Tax Collection Fund Reserve	0	6,000	6,000	6,000	0	

### Business Management & Monitoring Report - November 2020

### Cabinet - 19 January 2021 Earmarked Reserves

		2020/21				
	Balance at	Movement	Balance at	Last	Change in	Commentary
	1 April		31 March	reported	closing	
	2020		2021	forecast	balance to	
				as at 31	last	
				March	forecast	
				2021		
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Redundancy Reserve	548	2,000	2,548	2,548	0	
Total Reserves	102,864		· · ·	83,010	1,100	
*Includes DSG High Needs Deficit	-11,221	-11,114	-22,335			

\*Includes DSG High Needs Deficit Reserve

### **General Balances**

	£m	£m
General Balances at 31 March 2020		24.1
Planned contribution as per MTFP in 2020/21		4.6
General Balances at 1 April 2020		28.7
Directorate and Strategic Measures Underspend		1.6
Projected Level of General Balances at 31 March 2021		30.3
Risked Assessed Level of General Balances 2020/21		23.4

# Strategic Measures

Month	Average cash balance	Average rate of return
November 2020	£394.80m	0.81%

Performance Indicator	Actual	Target
Average interest rate achieved in-house compared to treasury	0.81%	>=0.85%
Management Budgeted Rate		
Average Annualised Return achieved compared to Benchmark	3.20%	>=3.75%
Rate* (Pooled Fund)		

### Debt and Loan Write Offs & Impairments - Corpotate Debtors

# Corporate Debtors

Performance Indicator	Target	September	October	November
Invoice collection rate	97.50%	92.20%	86.00%	93.41%
Avg. days outstanding	35	25	26	26
Debt requiring impairment	<£0.30m	£1.05m	£0.99m	£0.72
Unsecure debt over 1 year	<£0.50m	£1.03m	£0.51m	£0.55m
Write offs as % of income YTD	<0.10%	0.000%	0.006%	0.000%

# Adult Contribution to Care Charges

Performance Indicator	Target	September	October	November
Invoice collection rate	92.00%	90.30%	90.84%	90.87%
Avg. days outstanding	100	116	113	112
Debt requiring impairment	<£2.00m	£2.97m	£2.99m	£3.00m
Unsecure debt over 1 year	<£1.60m	£3.88m	£4.08m	£4.32m
Write offs as % of income YTD	<1.0%	0.880%	0.438%	0.006%

Ringfenced	Directorate	lssued by	Esimate 2020/21 £000	In year Adjustments / New Allocations reported previously reported £000	In year Adjustments/ New Allocations reported this time £000	Latest Allocation £000
	Children's Services		2000	2000	2000	2000
Б	Dedicated School Grants	DfE	117 406	0.44	0	117.005
R R	Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) - Schools Block Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) - Central Block	DIE	117,406 4,126	-341	0	117,065 4,126
R	Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) - Central Block Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) - Early Years Block	DIE	38,639	113	0	38,752
R	Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) - Lany Tears Block	DfE	60,373	-1,992	-442	57,939
	Subtotal DSG Grants	DIE	220,544	-2,220	-442	217,882
	School Grants		,.	_,0	=	
R	Pupil Premium	DfE	5,255	0	1,616	6,871
R	Education Funding Agency - Sixth Form Funding and Threshold	DfE	224	0	1,010	224
R	PE and Sport Grant	DfE	2,350	0	0	2,350
R	Universal Infant Free School Meals	DfE	4,020	0	-47	3,973
R	Teacher's Pay Grant	DfE	1,430	0	235	1,665
R	Teacher's Pension Grant	DfE	2,771	0	2,764	5,535
R	Coronavirus Catch Up Premium	DfE	0	0	2,295	2,295
R	Coronavirus (Covid-19) Schools Fund	DfE	0	0	305	305
	Subtotal School Grants		16,050	0	7,168	23,218
	Other Children's Services Grants					
R	Youth Justice Board	YJB	548	0	7	555
R	Asylum (USAC and Post 18)	HO	1,844	0	0	1,844
R	Role of the Virtual School Head	DfE	0	66	0	66
R	Extended Personal Adviser Duty Grant	DfE	77	0	0	77
R	Staying Put Implementation Grant	DfE	225	46	0	271
R	Remand Framework	YJB	25	52	0	77
	Subtotal Other Children's Services Grants		2,719	164	7	2,890
	TOTAL CHILDREN'S SERVICES		239,313	-2,056	6,733	243,990

Ringfenced	Directorate	lssued	Esimate 2020/21	In year Adjustments / New Allocations reported previously reported	In year Adjustments/ New Allocations reported this time	Latest Allocation
			£000	£000	£000	£000
R R R	Adult Services Improved Better Care Fund Winter Pressures Infection Control Grant 1 Infection Control Grant 2 TOTAL ADULT SERVICES	DHSC MHCLG DHSC DHSC	8,099 2,292 <b>10,391</b>	0 0 7314 <u>6314</u> <b>13,628</b>	0 0 0 0 <b>0</b>	2,292 7,314
	Public Health					
	Public Health Grant	DHSC	31,329	-89	0	31,240
_	HIV PREP Grant	DHSC	- ,	122	0	
_	Wayfinding Grant	SE		130	0	130
R	Track and Trace	MHCLG		2858	0	2,858
	TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH		31,329	3,021	0	34,350
	Communities					
	Bus Service Operators Grant	DfT	0	795	0	795
	Additional Dedicated H2S & College Transport Grant			519	0	519
	Natural England	DEFRA	227	0	0	227
	MaaS:CAV	Innovate UK		638	0	638
R	V2 Go Project	Innovate UK		132	0	132
	OmniCAV	Innovate UK		235	0	235
	Park & Charge	Innovate UK		580	0	580
R	Virgin Park & Charge	Innovate UK		26	0	26
	Data Driven Safety Tool	Innovate UK		151	0	151
R	Quantum Gravitometer	Innovate UK		84	0	84

Ri	Directorate	Issued	Esimate	In year	In year	Latest
Ringfenced			2020/21	Adjustments /	Adjustments/	Allocation
enc				New	New	
ed				Allocations	Allocations	
				reported	reported this	
		by.		previously reported	time	
		by	£000	£000	£000	£000
R	Resilient CAV	Innovate UK	2000	25		25
R	Heart Park Project	DFT		90		90
R	GTC DfT Congestion Tool	DFT		59	0	59
R	CAVL4R	DFT		11	0	11
	TOTAL COMMUNTIES		227	3,345	0	3,572
	Customers & Organisational Development					
	Music Service	AC	837	0	0	837
R	Library projects - Building Bridges	AC		15	0	15
R	Food and essential supplies (COVID) grant	DEFRA		507	0	507
	TOTAL CUSTOMERS & ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT		837	522	0	1,359
	Commercial Development , Aseets & Investment					
	Fire Fighter's Pension Fund Grant	MHCLG	1,361	0	0	1,361
R	Fire Fighter's New Dimensons Grant	MHCLG	40	-1	0	39
R	Building Risk Review Grant	НО		60	0	60
R	Protection Uplift Grant	НО		272	0	272
	TOTAL COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT, ASSETS & INVESTMENT		1,401	331	0	1,732

Ringfenced	Directorate	lssued	Esimate 2020/21	In year Adjustments / New Allocations reported previously reported	In year Adjustments/ New Allocations reported this time	Latest Allocation
			£000	£000	£000	£000
	Strategic Measures					
U	Lead Local Flood Authority	DEFRA	45			45
	Extended Rights to Free Travel	DfE	278	177		455
	Fire Revenue Grant	MHCLG	213			213
U	Troubled Families - Service Transformation Grant	MHCLG	500			500
U	Troubled Families Attachement Fees - Phase 2	MHCLG	143			143
U	Troubled Families Payment by Result	MHCLG		73		73
U	New Homes Bonus	MHCLG	4,137			4,137
U	Local Reform & Community Voices Grant	DfE DfE	515	103		618
	Independent Living Fund		3,454			3,454
	School Improvement and Brokering Grant	DfE	570	-13		557
	Section 31 Grant for Business Rate Compensation	MHCLG	5,144			5,144
U	Social Care Support Grant	MHCLG	12,031			12,031
U	COVID-19	MHCLG		20387		20,387
U	Key Stage 2 Moderation and Key Stage 1 Phonics Grant	DfE		22		22
U	Wellbeing for Education Return Grant	DfE		112		112
R	Oubreak Containment Grant	DHSC		5,533		5,533
R	Support for Clinically Extremely Vulnerable	DHSC		305		305
	Sales, Fees and Charges Compensation	MCLG		1,379		1,379
	Business Rates Top-Up	MHCLG	40,546			40,546
	Subtotal Strategic Measures		67,576	28,078	0	95,654

Ringfenced	Directorate	lssued	Esimate 2020/21	In year Adjustments / New Allocations reported previously reported	In year Adjustments/ New Allocations reported this time	Latest Allocation
			£000	£000	£000	£000
	Grants held on behalf of Local Enterprise Partnership					
R R	Oxford Innovation Business Support European Regional Development Fund	BEIS	205 900			205 900
R	EU Transition - Growth Hub Funding	BEIS		54		54
R	DCLG (Local Enterprise Partnership Funding)	MHCLG	500			500
	Subtotal Grants held on behalf of Local Enterprise Partnership		1,605	54.0	0	1,659
	TOTAL STRATEGIC MEASURES		69,181	28,132	0	97,313
	Total All Grants		352,679	46,923	6,733	406,335

**Ringfenced** 

R Ringfenced

**U** Un-ringfenced

Issued by

DfE	Department for Education	DfT	Department for Transport
YJB	Youth Justice Board	BEIS	Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy
НО	Home Office	DEFRA	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs
DHSC	Department of Health	AC	Arts Council
MHCLG	Ministry for Housing, Communities & Local Government	SE	Sports England

#### COVID-19 Grant Detail

Cabinet 15 December 2020

Government Department	Directorate	Grant Name	Total Grant Funding	Allocation to General Fund	Allocation to be determined	Allocation to schools	Allocation to Providers and	Allocation to District and City
			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	Voluntary Sector £'000	Councils £'000
Ringfenced Fur	nding							
DHSC	Adult Services	Infection Control Grant 1	7,314				7,314	
DHSC	Adult Services	Infection Control Grant 2	6,314				6,314	
DEFRA	Customers and Organisationa Development	l Food and Essential Supplies	507				53	454
DHSC	Public Health	Test and Trace Service Support Grant	2,858		1,358			1,500
DfE	Communities	Home to School Transport	518				518	
DFT	Communities	COVID-19 Bus Services Support Grant	422				422	
DfE	Claimed directly by schools	Exceptional costs associated with coronavirus (COVID-19) Grant	305			305		
DfE	Children's Services	Covid Catch Up Fund	2,295			2,295		
DWP	Customers and Organisationa	l Winter Grant Scheme	1,368		1,368			
	Development							
Total Ringfend	ced Grants		21,901		- 2,726	2,600	14,621	1,954
Unringfenced I	Funding							
MHCLG	Strategic Measures	COVID-19 Emergency Grant						
		Tranche 1 *	14,539	14,539				
		Tranche 2	12,695	12,695				
		Tranche 3	3,791	3,791				
		Tranche 4	3,900	3,900				
MHCLG	Strategic Measures	Sales, Fees and Charges Income Guarentee	1,379	1,379				
		Scheme (Claim 1)						
DfE	Children's Services	Wellbeing for Return to Schools	112			112		
DHSC	Public Health	Clinically Extremely Vulnerable	305		305			
DHSC	Public Health	Contain Outbreak Management Fund	5,533		5,533			
Total Unringfenced Grants Total Non-Ringfenced		42,254	36,304	<u>5,838</u>	<u>112</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total COVID-19	9 Grant Funding	Grants to OCC	64,155					
Total COVID-19	9 Grant Funding	Grants to OCC	64,155					

\*£0.3m was applied to expenditure in 2019/20